Southwest Florida Water Management District

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017



A Component Unit of The State of Florida Southwest Florida Water Management District

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017 Prepared by: Finance Bureau



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A Component Unit of the State of Florida

Mission Statement: To protect water resources, minimize flood risks, and ensure the public's water needs are met.

The Governing Board of the District assumes its responsibilities as authorized in Chapter 373 and other chapters of the Florida Statutes by directing a wide range of programs, initiatives and actions. These include, but are not limited to, flood protection, water use, well construction and environmental resource permitting, water conservation, education, land acquisition, water resource and supply development, and supportive data collection and analysis efforts.

The Southwest Florida Water Management District (District) does not discriminate on the basis of disability. This nondiscrimination policy involves every aspect of the District's functions, including access to and participation in the District's programs and activities. Anyone requiring reasonable accommodation as provided for in the Americans with Disabilities Act should contact the District's Human Resources Office Chief, 2379 Broad St., Brooksville, FL 34604-6899; telephone (352) 796-7211 or 1-800-423-1476 (FL only), ext. 4703; or email *ADACoordinator@WaterMatters.org*. If you are hearing or speech impaired, please contact the agency using the Florida Relay Service, 1(800)955-8771 (TDD) or 1(800)955-8770 (Voice).

Southwest Florida Water Management District Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

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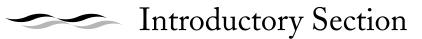
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Opportunity Employer Southwest Florida Water Management District

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Vice Chair, Pinellas Bryan K. Beswick Secretary, DeSoto, Hardee,

> Highlands **Ed Armstrong** Treasurer, Pine**l**las

> > **H. Paul Senft, Jr.** Former Chair, Polk

Michael A. Babb Former Chair, Hillsborough John Henslick

Manatee James G. Murphy

Polk Kelly S. Rice

Citrus, Lake, Levy, Sumter Joel Schleicher

Charlotte, Sarasota **Rebecca Smith** Hillsborough, Pinellas

> Mark Taylor Hernando, Marion

Michelle Williamson Hillsborough

Brian J. Armstrong, P.G. Executive Director To the Citizens of the Southwest Florida Water Management District:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Southwest Florida Water Management District (District) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, is hereby submitted.

State law requires that local governmental entities publish within nine months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the information presented is accurate in all material respects, and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District's activities have been included.

James Moore & Co., P.L. Certified Public Accountants and Consultants, has issued an unmodified opinion on the District's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2017. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The District encompasses approximately 10,000 square miles of a 16-county area in west-central Florida and is one of five regional water management districts charged by Chapter 373 of the Florida Statutes to preserve and protect the state's water resource.

About the District

Approximately one quarter of the state's population (5.2 million) resides within the District. The District was established in 1961 by a special act of the Florida Legislature to serve as local sponsor of the Four River Basins, Florida Project. This was a major flood control project sponsored by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers after Hurricane Donna caused extensive damage in west-central Florida in 1960.

The District's original mission was to protect people and property from flooding caused by tropical storms and other heavy rains. This was done in part by building structures to control high waters. The Tampa Bypass Canal, which diverts Hillsborough River overflow away from the flood-prone areas of Tampa and Temple Terrace, is the most prominent example of this water resources management responsibility.

Today's regional flood protection efforts remain an important element of the District's mission. Since the District was created in 1961, additional responsibilities have been added to the District by the Florida Legislature. The District now authorizes permits for consumptive use of water, well construction, surface water management, and the protection of wetlands. Water supply, water resource development, and water quality are major concerns; and many projects with local, state and federal funding partners focus on ensuring adequate sustainable quality water for the future.

A 13-member Governing Board establishes the District's policies, oversees its regulatory responsibilities, administers contracts, hires the Executive Director subject to approval by the Governor and confirmation by the Florida Senate, and authorizes the tax levy for the District budget subject to review by the Governor. Each member is appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Florida Senate. District Governing Board members serve staggered four-year terms, are eligible for reappointment, and serve as unpaid citizen volunteers.

The District is authorized by the Florida Constitution and Florida Statutes to fund its general operations from ad valorem property taxes. The District Governing Board, with the approval of the Executive Office of the Governor, may levy up to one mill Districtwide to fund regulatory activities and projects of Districtwide significance. One mill equals \$1 of tax for each \$1,000 of assessed land value. Funding for District programs is supplemented by District permit fees and by grants from federal, state and local governments.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the District's financial planning and control. The Truth-in-Millage (TRIM) Act enacted by state legislation requires disclosure of information regarding the ad valorem millage rate and budget adoption. Each year, following the required disclosures, the conduct of two public hearings for taxpayer comment, and review by the Executive Office of the Governor for comments between the first and second hearings, the Governing Board sets the millage rate and adopts a budget in September. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, bureau and activity and reported programmatically. The Governing Board delegates authority to the Executive Director to execute transfers of budgeted funds not to exceed \$50,000. Delegated transfers are presented to the Governing Board for ratification at their next regular scheduled meeting. All budget amendments require governing board approval. Any amendment greater than \$1 million must be reviewed and approved by the executive office of the governor.

The Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the District include all operations for which the District is financially accountable.

The District is a component unit of the State of Florida for financial reporting purposes. The state has historically provided funding for District programs through the sale of state debt, sharing of documentary stamp tax revenues, and the approval of various annual grants and entitlements.

The District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, will be incorporated into the State of Florida's financial statements for the state's fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, as a discretely presented component unit. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government, which is the State of Florida, and to differentiate their financial position, results of operations and cash flows, where applicable.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

Economic Conditions and Outlook. At first glance, 2017 brought steady, stable growth to Florida and the District, in line with much of what was seen in the previous year. Real gross domestic product in Florida increased year-over-year by 3.6 percent, the same growth in 2016¹. Once again, state growth outpaced national gross domestic product growth, which increased to 2.8 percent. Moreover, year-over-year gross regional product growth within District counties was 2.63 percent, similar to last year's growth of 2.65 percent². Yet, Hurricane Irma upended the status quo, bringing significant damage across the state. Despite prodigious losses to businesses and agriculture, economic and demographic conditions remain positive in the current and near term.

There were numerous developments for the District and the state of Florida in several key economic and demographic variables. Between 2016 and 2017, the permanent population of the District increased by approximately 71,618 residents, or 1.40 percent, which is virtually identical to the overall state growth rate of 1.47 percent over the same period. The state unemployment rate continued its downward trend, decreasing from 4.9 percent in September 2016 to 3.8 percent in September 2017³. Florida's labor force increased by 2.4 percent over the same annual period, indicating that the decline in the unemployment rate reflects successful entrance into the job market rather than giving up hope on employment prospects⁴. Another positive indicator for Florida was the growth in taxable sales, which provides a proxy for regional economic activity. Given the available data for 2017 (January through August), average taxable sales increased year-over-year by 3.97 percent, indicative of increased spending from existing residents and tourists⁵. Key areas of sales growth included tourism, building investment, and business investment.

There were mixed results in the housing sector in the District and the overall state. Statewide, the median sale price of single family homes increased by 6.7 percent year-over-year through the third quarter of 2017⁶. Similarly, the median sale price of condominiums increased by 7.5 percent over the same time horizon. Median time to contract also further decreased for both single family homes and condominiums, ticking down 9.8 percent and 7.5 percent, respectively. The value of new construction continued to rise, up 7.09 percent from fiscal year 2016 to fiscal year 2017, a sign of the stimulative effects of construction on the state and District economy. Yet, housing supply still does not appear to be keeping pace with demand, pushing up prices for homebuyers. Closed sales on single family homes and condominiums decreased by 5.5 and 3.1 percent, respectively, year-over-year through the third quarter of 2017. What is more, inventory decreased for both types of homes, declining 6.1 percent for single family and 3.8 percent for condominiums. Overall, supply of inventory, measure in months, ticked downward to 3.8 for single family homes. Healthy markets, which favor neither buyers or sellers, are generally thought to contain approximately 5.5 months of inventory, confirming the current seller's market⁷. Additionally, it does not appear that new housing starts will alleviate the lack

¹ Florida Economic Outlook: October 2017. Wells Fargo Economics Group. Published October 2017.

² Except as noted, all data are based on countywide data and are derived from Woods and Poole Economics. <u>2017 State Profile: State and County Projections to 2040</u>.

³ Florida Department of Economic Opportunity. November 20, 2017. http://floridajobs.org.

⁴ Current Employment Statistics Program. Bureau of Labor Statistics. http://bls.gov.

⁵ Florida Office of Economic and Demographic Research. November 20, 2017. http://edr.state.fl.us

⁶ Quarterly Market Detail – Q3 2017. Florida Association of Realtors.

https://www.floridarealtors.org/ResearchAndStatistics/Florida-Market-Reports/Index.cfm.

⁷ Florida and Metro Forecast: October 2017. Institute for Economic Competitiveness. College of Business Administration. University of Central Florida. Published October 2017, p.9. http://iec.ucf.edu/page/Forecasts.aspx.

of supply in the near term. Although housing starts are increasing and projected to increase further, the rate is not sufficient to alleviate the shortage of housing in the short run. Furthermore, there is the possibility of hurricane recovery efforts placing a squeeze on the market for construction labor, which will exacerbate the current struggle to meet demand.

Any discussion of the District's economic outlook in 2017 would be incomplete without a mention of Hurricane Irma. Irma was the largest, most powerful hurricane ever recorded on the Atlantic Ocean and wrought considerable damage to both the state of Florida and the District. In total, Irma looks to have inflicted around \$40 billion worth of insured and uninsured damages on the state's economy. Irma's effects are manifested in a wide array of Florida's economy, impacting agriculture, tourism, consumer spending, and infrastructure. While Florida has seen its fair share of hurricanes, the state has added 2.5 million residents since 2005, and the vast majority of that growth occurred in Irma's path. Therefore, business disruption was a major source of economic loss. At the MSA level, South Florida had the highest overall loss in terms of payroll declines at 34,000; within the District, Tampa posted the second-highest payroll losses in the state at 18,000⁸.

Agriculture also saw significant declines across the state, with total losses to production agriculture estimated to be over \$2.5 billion⁹. Sources of agricultural impacts include current year crop losses and extensive infrastructure damage. The citrus industry was particularly hard hit, with an estimated 421,176 acres of citrus production affected by hurricane or tropical storm force winds. Although the industry has declined in recent years, nearly 60 percent of all citrus consumed in the U.S. is produced in Florida, with statewide sales in the \$1 billion range. Within the District, citrus is of importance, particularly in the Southern and Heartland regions, accounting for approximately 57 percent of total agricultural water use. On a county level, Charlotte, Highlands, and Hardee face projected losses of \$1,750 per acre and Polk is estimated at \$1,100 per acre. To make matters worse, Irma's impacts arrived close to harvest time, rendering much of this year's citrus crop unusable. The latest production forecasts estimate that total Florida citrus production will be 27 percent less than last season's production and the least since the 1945-1946 season¹⁰. In addition to citrus, fruit and vegetable growers felt the impacts of Irma. Although only a fraction of fields were planted as the storm passed through. infrastructure damages were a concern, as total losses (including crop and infrastructure) are tallied at over \$180 million¹¹. In particular, the availability of tomato and other seedlings is expected to be reduced due to the destruction of greenhouses.

Considering the significant agricultural and business losses, it should be noted that Irma's impacts could have been much worse. By the time the storm hit, tourist visitation was in the midst of shoulder season, and Florida's population of seasonal residents does not arrive until later in the year. In fact, tourism to the state in the third quarter of 2017, which includes September, increased by 3.4 percent year over year¹². Moreover, since Irma, Florida has seen little to no interruption in the volume of new businesses locating in the state, and population inflows of retirees and job seekers do not appear to have been dampened at all¹³. Also, early signs suggest that the lack of supply in this year's harvest will be partially compensated by an increased demand for citrus, leading to higher prices¹⁴. Going forward, growth prospects look bright for both Florida and the District. Payroll job growth in Florida is healthy and is on track to outpace national job growth, with average job growth over the

¹² 2017 Estimates of Visitors to Florida by Quarter. Visit Florida. http://www.visitflorida.org/resources/research/

¹³ Florida Economic Outlook: October 2017. Wells Fargo Economics Group. Published October 2017.

¹⁴ "Growers Expect High Demand for Florida Citrus". The Packer. November 20, 2017. https://www.thepacker.com/article/growers-expect-high-demand-florida-citrus

⁸ Florida Economic Outlook: October 2017. Wells Fargo Economics Group. Published October 2017.

 ⁹ Hurricane Irma's Damage to Florida Agriculture. Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
 http://www.freshfromflorida.com/content/download/77515/2223098/FDACS+Irma+Agriculture+Assessment.pdf
 ¹⁰ Citrus November Forecast. USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service. Published November 2017.

¹¹ Vegetables and Pulses Outlook. USDA Economic Research Service. Published October 2017.

2017-2020 period forecasted to be 0.8 percentage points faster than the national economy¹⁵. Professional and technical services rank among Florida's fastest growing employment categories, representing a welcome arrival of high wage, highly skilled jobs in information technology, software, and life sciences¹⁶. This trend holds true in the District's major metropolitan areas as well. For Tampa-Saint Petersburg-Clearwater, the greatest average annual growth will be found in construction and mining (6.8%), professional and business services (6.7%), and financial and other services (3.1%). Similarly, for Lakeland-Winter Haven, the highest growth will be seen in professional and business services (5.6%) and construction and mining (2.4%)¹⁷. In terms of county growth within the District, as measured by gross regional product, Manatee, Sumter, and Charlotte are projected to have the greatest increase over the next five years.

Thus, while Hurricane Irma served as a reminder of Florida and the District's potential economic fragility, there was favorable growth in multiple sectors that served to counteract the losses incurred. The state and District continue to demonstrate steady economic growth and attract businesses, in addition to new residents. One key indicator to monitor in the next year is housing. Even though sale prices continue to increase, the upward movement is largely a function of short supply. Expanding the housing stock is essential for the health of the housing market, as well as state and local economies.

Long-term financial planning. The District exercises its management of water resources through four statutorily-designated areas of responsibility: Water Supply, Flood Protection, Water Quality and Natural Systems. Long-term financial planning is conducted to connect the program planning and the budget processes. The District's financial planning efforts include the 2018-2022 Strategic Plan, which provides strategic direction through the identification of regional priorities and objectives, the Long-Range Funding Plan (Funding Plan), Program Budget, Five-Year Technology Plan, and Five-Year Capital Improvements Plan.

The development of the District's Funding Plan is an example of long-term financial planning in the area of water supply. This plan is a pay-as-you-go funding strategy for the Regional Water Supply Plan (RWSP). The RWSP projects water demand and needed water supply sources for the period 2015-2035, and is updated on a five-year cycle with the next revision scheduled for the fall of 2020. The Funding Plan currently demonstrates that fiscal resources supplemented with project reserves adequately maintain a healthy investment in water resources. To ensure the plan keeps pace with evolving water supply and resource development initiatives and potential revenue impacts of economic fluctuations and legislative changes, the District examines it on an ongoing basis.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. This was the 29th consecutive year that the District has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that the District's current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement

¹⁵ Florida and Metro Forecast: October 2017. Institute for Economic Competitiveness. College of Business Administration. University of Central Florida. Published October 2017, p.5. http://iec.ucf.edu/page/Forecasts.aspx.

 ¹⁶ Florida Economic Outlook: October 2017. Wells Fargo Economics Group. Published October 2017.
 ¹⁷ Florida and Metro Forecast: October 2017. Institute for Economic Competitiveness. College of Business Administration. University of Central Florida. Published October 2017, pp.49, 89. http://iec.ucf.edu/page/Forecasts.aspx.

Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Sincere appreciation is extended to the many District employees who assisted with the preparation of this report, with special thanks to the employees of the Finance Bureau, especially the Accounting & Financial Reporting Section. Special recognition is due the Public Affairs Bureau - Communications Section staff for the design of the cover, and the Document Services Section staff for printing the report. In closing, this report would not have been possible without the support and leadership of the District Governing Board and the District's Executive staff.

Sincerely,

John J. Campbell Division Director Management Services

Melisa J. Lowe

Melisa J. Lowe Bureau Chief Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Southwest Florida Water Management District

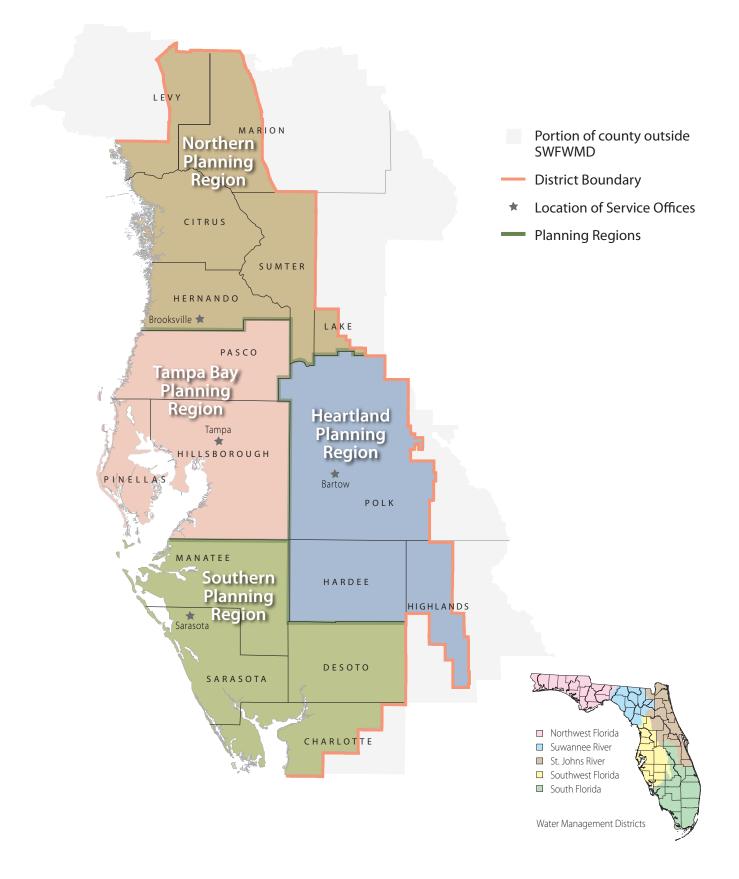
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

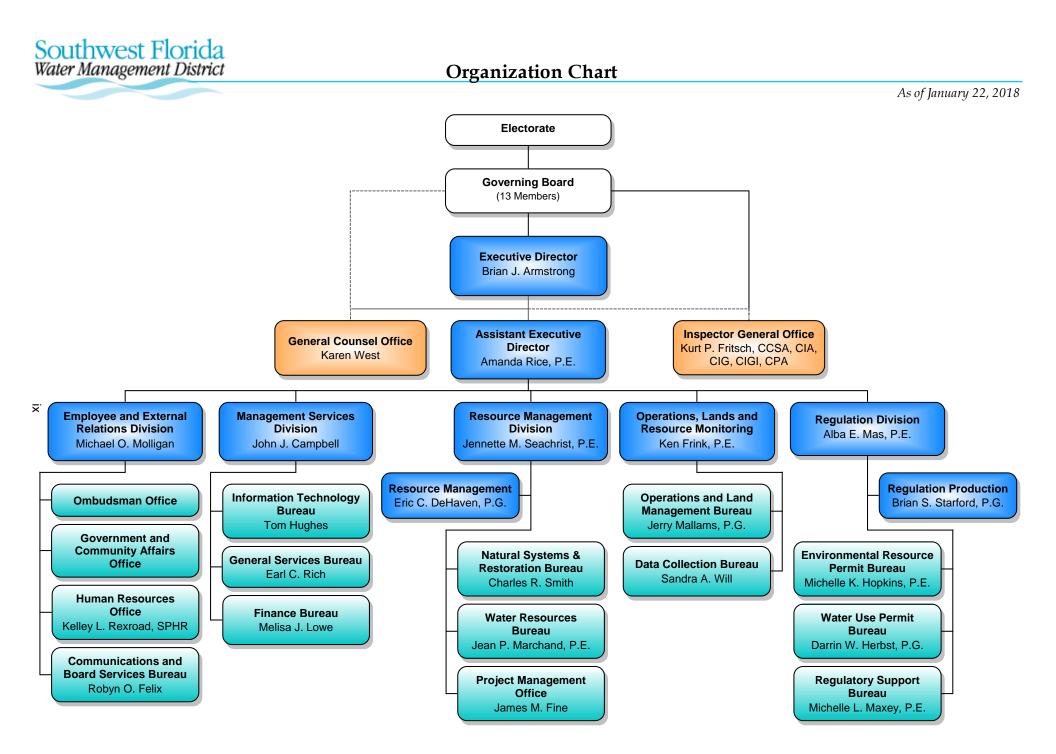
September 30, 2016

Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO





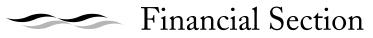


Southwest Florida Water Management District

List of Appointed Officials

September 30, 2017

Governing Board Chair	Randall S. Maggard
Governing Board Vice Chair	Jeffrey M. Adams
Governing Board Secretary	Bryan K. Beswick
Governing Board Treasurer	Ed Armstrong
Board Member	H. Paul Senft, Jr.
Board Member	Michael A. Babb
Board Member	John Henslick
Board Member	James G. Murphy
Board Member	Kelly S. Rice
Board Member	Joel Schleicher
Board Member	Rebecca Smith
Board Member	Mark Taylor
Board Member	Michelle Williamson



- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)
- Basic Financial Statements Notes to the Financial Statements



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Members of the Governing Board, Southwest Florida Water Management District:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Southwest Florida Water Management District (the District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund and DOT Mitigation special revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note I(F) to the financial statements, in 2017, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than for Pensions.* See Note I(F) for the effect of GASB 75 on beginning net position. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by Section 215.97, Florida Statutes, *Florida Single Audit Act*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance

with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 14, 2018 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Meore ; 60., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida March 14, 2018 This page left blank intentionally.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

The Southwest Florida Water Management District's (District) discussion and analysis is designed to offer readers of the District's financial statements a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. Readers are encouraged to read the Management's Discussion and Analysis in conjunction with the transmittal letter beginning on page i and the District's financial statements, which begin on page 15.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1.2 billion (net position). Of this amount, \$334 million may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. It is the District's intent to use these assets to: satisfy contracts and purchase orders in the amount of \$61.6 million; fund board and management designations in the amount of \$18.3 million; fund future long- and short-term projects in the amount of approximately \$194.8 million; maintain an economic stabilization reserve of \$22.1 million; support land management activities in the amount of \$6.9 million; pay claims associated with the District's Workers' Compensation and Medical self-insurance programs in the amount of \$4.5 million; and carry forward \$25.8 million into the fiscal year 2017-18 budget.
- The District elected to early implement GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflow of resources, and expense/expenditures of OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This resulted in a \$4,816,285 reduction of beginning net position from \$1,222,114,227 to \$1,217,297,942 due to the addition of the total OPEB liability.
- The District's total net position increased by \$9.9 million. The increase is primarily attributable to an increase of operating grants and contributions of \$3.2 million; and an increase of capital grants and contributions of \$8.2 million.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$422.5 million, an increase of \$11.6 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$36,280 relates to inventory on-hand and prepaids of \$434,401 are classified as nonspendable; \$54 million is restricted for the watershed basins and land acquisition; and \$368 million is available for spending at the District's discretion, with the majority committed or assigned as noted above.
- The District continues to have no bonded debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include: water resource planning and monitoring; land acquisition, restoration and public works; operation and maintenance of works and lands; regulation; outreach; and management and administration.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15 and 16 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintained one general fund, one special revenue fund and two capital projects funds, all of which were considered to be major funds during fiscal year 2016-17. Information for all funds is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds. To demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget, budgetary comparison statements have been provided for all funds in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statement–And Management's Discussion and Analysis–For State and Local Governments*. Although not required, budgetary comparison schedules for the District's capital projects funds have been provided on pages 67 and 68 of this report, as other supplementary information.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 20 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 57 of this report.

Additional information. Additional information about the District, which may be of interest to the reader, is found under the Statistical, Single Audit Compliance, Management Letter and Independent Accountants' Report sections of this report.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

For fiscal year 2016-17, the overall condition of the District remained consistent with fiscal year 2015-16.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by approximately \$1.2 billion at September 30, 2017.

Southwest Florida Water Management District's Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	2017 2016				
Current and Other Assets	\$ 484,476,629	\$ 470,096,242			
Capital Assets	839,419,100	840,671,632			
Total Assets	1,323,895,729	1,310,767,874			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	13,530,699	10,894,636			
Current and Other Liabilities	60,310,276	58,279,932			
Long-term Liabilities	47,302,743	40,225,509			
Total Liabilities	107,613,019	98,505,441			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,632,762 1,042,84				
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	839,115,561	840,273,629			
Restricted for:					
Watershed Basins	49,377,736	64,437,412			
Land Acquisition	4,656,996	885,918			
Unrestricted	334,030,354	316,517,268			
Total Net Position	\$ 1,227,180,647	\$ 1,222,114,227			

By far the largest portion of the District's net position, at September 30, 2017, in the amount of approximately \$839.1 million (68.4 percent) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, infrastructure, intangible assets). The District uses these capital assets to carry out its statutory responsibilities; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Restricted net position in the amount of approximately \$54 million (4.4 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The majority of the resources represent the net position of the former seven watershed basins that must be spent within the

geographical boundaries of each watershed basin. It is the District's intent to use these assets to satisfy contracts and purchase orders and fund future long- and short-term projects that fall within the specific geographical boundaries of the basins. The balance of net position restricted for watershed basins at the end of fiscal year 2016-2017 decreased from the prior year balance by \$15.1 million (23.4 percent). The decrease is attributable to the use of restricted funds for watershed basin projects for which the ad valorem property taxes were collected prior to fiscal year 2011-12. The basins no longer exist as ad valorem taxing units and will no longer levy ad valorem tax. The balance of net position restricted for land acquisition at the end of fiscal year 2016-2017 increased from the prior year balance by \$3.8 million (425.7 percent). The increase is attributable to the sale of 3 tracts of surplus land.

Unrestricted net position in the amount of \$334 million (27.2 percent) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. As noted earlier, it is the District's intent to use these assets to: satisfy contracts and purchase orders; fund board and management designations; fund future long- and short-term projects; support land management activities; pay claims associated with the District's Workers' Compensation and Medical claims self-insurance programs; fund an economic stabilization reserve; and carry forward funding for allocation in subsequent years budgets.

The balance of current and other assets at the end of fiscal year 2016-2017 increased from the prior year balance, reflecting a net increase of \$14.4 million (3.1 percent). Many variances contributed to the increase, the most significant of which are increases in cash and investments. The increase in cash and investments is primarily a result of reduced expenditures and increased sale of capital assets. The total liability obligation increased by \$9.1 million (9.2 percent) primarily due to the increase in the total OPEB liability of \$5.3 million (485.3 percent). Of this amount, \$4.8 million was due to the prior period adjustment due to the early implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

At September 30, 2017, the District reported positive balances in all categories of net position. The same held true for the prior fiscal year. For fiscal year 2016-17, the District's total net position increased by \$9.9 million (0.8 percent). The reasons for this increase are discussed in the following section for governmental activities.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$9.9 million.

	Governmental Activities					
	2017	2016				
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 4,532,348	\$ 4,736,422				
Operating Grants and Contributions	7,078,459	3,844,120				
Capital Grants and Contributions	8,221,450	38,025				
General Revenues:						
Ad Valorem Property Taxes	106,799,746	104,865,699				
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	3,095,242	4,726,663				
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	464,675	-				
Other	326,294	3,344,788				
Total Revenues	130,518,214	121,555,717				
Expenses:						
Water Resource Planning and Monitoring	24,177,514	25,432,848				
Land Acquisition, Restoration and Public Works	48,604,475	55,411,144				
Operation and Maintenance of Works and Lands	16,857,187	17,280,760				
Regulation	17,696,824	17,881,691				
Outreach	1,822,396	1,805,808				
	11,477,113	12,059,669				
Total Expenses	120,635,509	129,871,920				
Change in Net Position Prior Period adjustment*	9,882,705 (4,816,285)	(8,316,203)				
Net Position - beginning of year	1,217,297,942	1,230,430,430				
Net Position - end of year	\$ 1,227,180,647	\$ 1,222,114,227				

Southwest Florida Water Management District's Changes in Net Position

*see note I.F for adoption of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

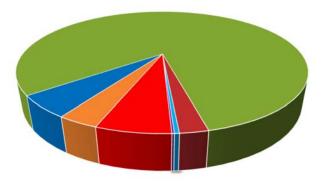
As discussed earlier, the increase in the overall net position is primarily attributable to an increase of operating grants and contributions of \$3.2 million (84.1 percent); and an increase of capital grants and contributions of \$8.2 million (21,521.2 percent). The increase of operating grants and contributions is due to an increase of Land acquisition trust fund revenue of \$2.6 million (554.1 percent) from the previous year. The capital grants and contributions increase is due to the Florida Forever funding of \$5.8 million (1,200 acres) of land parcels and land interests. The increase also includes donations of land and land interests of \$2.4 million.

Ad Valorem revenue increased by \$1.9 million (1.8 percent), due to an increase in assessed property values offset by a reduction of millage. Unrestricted investment earnings decreased by \$1.6 million (34.5 percent), due to the recognition of an unrealized loss of approximately \$2.3 million offset by an increase in interest rates.

Other revenue decreased by \$3 million (90.2 percent) due to the receipt of a \$2 million mediation settlement received in fiscal year 2015-2016.

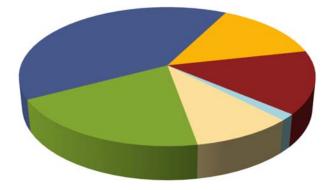
FY2016-17 Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities

- Charges for services 3.5%
- Operating grants and contributions 5.4%
- Property taxes 81.8%
- Unrestricted investment earnings 2.4%
- Gain on sale of capital assets 0.4%
- Other 0.2%
- Capital grants and contributions 6.3%



FY2016-17 Expenses by Program – Governmental Activities

- Water Resource Planning & Monitoring 20%
- Land Acquisition, Restoration & Public Works 40.3%
- Operation & Maintenance of Works & Lands 14%
- Regulation 14.7%
- Outreach 1.5%
- Management & Administration 9.5%



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's funding requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the District itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the District's Governing Board.

At September 30, 2017, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$422.5 million, an increase of \$11.6 million in comparison with fiscal year 2015-16. *Unassigned fund balance* of \$21.7 million represents 5.1 percent of the entire fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *committed* or *assigned* to indicate that it is: 1) not in spendable form (\$470,681), 2) restricted where constraints are placed on the use of resources (\$54 million), 3) committed for particular purposes (\$110.3 million), or 4) assigned for particular purposes (\$236 million).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of fiscal year 2016-17, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$21.7 million, while the total fund balance increased to \$407 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 19.4 percent of the total general fund expenditures, while total general fund balance represents 363.3 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the general fund increased \$6.7 million during the current fiscal year. The increase is attributable to the \$1.1 million proceeds from the sale of capital assets. Also, land acquisition, restoration and public works expenditures were reduced by \$3.3 million due to the Dona Bay Conveyance System (N424) project being completed in FY 2017, and \$2.7 million due to the near completion of TECO's Polk Power Station RW Intct (H076) project in FY 2017.

The fund balance of the Florida Forever capital projects fund increased \$4.1 million. This is mostly attributable to the sale of 3 tracts of surplus land (800.2 acres) in the amount of \$3.8 million.

The fund balance of the Capital Projects fund increased \$770,786 due to renovations and repairs that were less than the appropriated ad valorem property taxes.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were budget transfers made between the six program areas during fiscal year 2016-17. The District's budget was not amended during fiscal year 2016-17.

In total, the general fund revenue budget was \$156.5 million with actual revenues of \$117.6 million, resulting in a variance of \$38.9 million (24.9 percent). The variance is primarily due to a reduction in intergovernmental revenues, and a decrease in interest earnings due to the unrealized loss on investments.

Intergovernmental revenues are recognized at the time related expenditures are incurred. For fiscal year 2016-17, the Intergovernmental Revenues budget was \$46 million and actual revenues were \$6.4 million, resulting in a variance of \$39.6 million (86.1 percent). From year to year, the budgeted amount of intergovernmental revenue compared to the recognized amount can fluctuate for

various reasons; projects can be in the planning stages and have not incurred a significant amount of expenditures, or anticipated projects may be canceled.

Interest on invested funds was budgeted at \$3.8 million and actual revenues were \$2.9 million, resulting in a variance of \$0.9 million (23.7 percent). The interest earnings budget was based on a 0.85 percent expected rate of return. The District earned 1.09 percent yield on investments and recognized \$5.2 million. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, interest earnings have been adjusted to reflect the changes in the fair value of investments. Therefore, interest earnings have been adjusted by the unrealized loss of approximately \$2.3 million, decreasing interest earnings on invested funds to \$2.9 million, representing 76.3 percent of the budget.

Other revenues were budgeted at \$546,207 and actual revenues were \$1,265,699, resulting in a variance of \$719,492 (131.7 percent). Each year, items that fall within the "Other" revenue category are conservatively budgeted due to the uncertainty of the amounts to be collected. For example, revenues from timber sales, hog hunts, and insurance recoveries can vary significantly from year to year. The District received \$708,578 in timber sales which accounted for the majority of the increase.

The District's program areas include a variety of projects and initiatives that are necessary to carry out the District's mission to preserve and protect the state's water resources (see Note I.D, page 23). The general fund budget-to-actual expenditure variances are primarily due to encumbrances that exist at year-end for projects that are often multi-year, resulting in expenditures that do not always coincide with the budget period. After removing the encumbrances from the budget-to-actual variances, one program areas showed a significant variance.

The Land Acquisition, Restoration and Public Works program budget was \$222.4 million and actual expenditures were \$43.7 million. After adjusting for encumbrances, a variance of \$23.9 million (10.7 percent) remains. The variance is primarily due to projects that are cancelled or withdrawn, had scope changes, or were completed under budget.

These variances will not have a significant effect on future services or liquidity of the District.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets at September 30, 2017, amounted to \$839.4 million (net of accumulated depreciation) a decrease from prior year of \$1.3 million (0.2 percent). This investment in capital assets includes land, land interests, land acquisitions in progress, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, construction in progress, software, and other capital assets.

Other Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year include the following:

- The District acquired 1,200 acres of land parcels and land interests funded by Florida Forever, valued at \$5.6 million.
- The District received 813 acres of donated land interest-conservation easements valued at \$2.2 million.
- The District sold 3 tracts of surplus land (800.2 acres) in the amount of \$3.8 million
- Following are some of the active construction in progress projects in fiscal year 2016-17: -Refurbishment of Tsala Apopka Canal/S353 Structure
 -2 pump stations at Morris Bridge

- Following are some of the construction in progress projects that were completed during fiscal year 2016-17:
 - -Completion of the Auburndale, Romp 75 wellsite
 - -Completion of the Parrish #38 wellsite
 - -Completion of the Royal, Romp 115 Sumter County wellsite
 - -Completion of the Starkey Ranch replacement wellsite
 - -Completion of the West Citrus wellsite

Southwest Florida Water Management District's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	 2017	 2016		
Land	\$ 605,789,273	\$ 608,103,055		
Land Interests (less-than-fee)	116,069,218	110,063,726		
Land Acquisition in Progress	132,162	149,069		
Construction in Progress	2,075,173	3,390,469		
Buildings	19,168,089	19,934,348		
Machinery and Equipment	5,509,719	6,576,993		
Infrastructure	89,185,514	90,226,223		
Software	1,465,129	2,214,832		
Other Capital Assets	24,823	12,917		
Total Capital Assets	\$ 839,419,100	\$ 840,671,632		

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note I.E.4. on page 24 and Note IV.E. on page 37.

Long-term Obligations - At September 30, 2017, the District had \$303,539 total capital lease debt outstanding. The remainder of the District's long-term obligations is comprised of net pension liabilities, compensated absences, OPEB, and claims.

Additional information on the District's long-term obligations can be found in Note IV.G on page 39.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Outstanding Debt

	2017	2016
Captial Leases	303,539	398,003

The District's debt decreased by \$94,464, (23.7 percent) during the current fiscal year. The reason for the decrease was that no new debt was issued and the paydown of principal of the existing capital leases.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Millage Rate

The U.S. economy gradually improved over the past year, with the unemployment rate steadily falling and the broad-based economy growing at 2.4 percent. The Federal Reserve raised its target rate three times, continuing its slow and measured approach to normalizing monetary policy. While the fundamental economic data remains solid, inflation remains elusive. Economists project the U.S. economy to grow 2.5 percent in 2018, maintaining its current pace. The market is currently focusing on potential tax reform from Washington, possibly stimulating economic growth and inflation. If passed by Congress, the yield curve may steepen further as the outlook for inflation and growth may improve.

By the end of September, Treasury yields were well above their 50, 100 and 200 moving day averages. Despite the recent sell off in bonds, the market is still discounting the odds of multiple rate hikes from the Federal Open Market Committee in 2018. Yield spreads between asset classes have narrowed to-pre-crisis levels. Although we may be in the later stages of the credit-cycle, the current fundamental economic backdrop may keep spreads tight for the foreseeable future.

The District's primary source of funding is ad valorem property taxes. The fiscal year 2017-18 budget of \$108.1 million in ad valorem property taxes represents 96 percent of the taxes to be-levied on taxable property values as certified by the District's 16 counties, which is based on historical collections. This represents an increase of approximately \$2.2 million compared to fiscal year 2016-17.

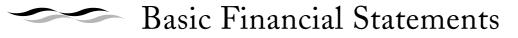
On September 30, 2017, the District's Governing Board adopted a final millage, the rolled-back rate of 0.3131 mill, a reduction of 5.6 percent below the rate levied for fiscal year 2016-17. The 2017 tax roll, upon which taxes for fiscal year 2017-18 are based, increased by 8.1 percent from 2016. Over the last eight fiscal years, the Governing Board has reduced its millage rate more than 48 percent to help reduce the tax burden for residents within the District's boundaries.

Although the fiscal year 2017-18 operating budget represents an increase of just over one percent, the District will continue to look for opportunities to improve efficiencies and further streamline processes while improving the services provided to the public. Significant operational reductions were achieved in fiscal years 2010-11 through 2014-15 to bring operational costs in-line with current ad valorem revenue levels. These reductions have enabled the District flexibility to maintain the necessary annual investment in critical water resource management projects for the west-central Florida region.

The District's fiscal resources, supplemented with prudently managed project reserves, can support a healthy investment in the water resources and economy over the next five years. In the fiscal year 2017-18 budget there was an increase of \$23.6 million in cooperative funding project requests; therefore, it was necessary to utilize \$13.7 million in projects reserves. It is anticipated as the economy continues to grow, the requests for cooperative funding and other District projects will outpace the current ad valorem revenue available to the District. Project reserves will be allocated through the budget development process to fund these projects until ad valorem revenues increase through normal growth, allowing the District to continue to operate on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Bureau Chief, Southwest Florida Water Management District, 2379 Broad Street, Brooksville, Florida, 34604-6899; or by calling (352) 796-7211, extension 4121; or by email to Melisa.Lowe@swfwmd.state.fl.us.



The Basic Financial Statements include both the Government-wide Financial Statements and Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a statement of net position and a statement of activities which report information about the District as a whole using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Governmental Fund Financial Statements report additional detailed information about the District's governmental funds using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Statement of Net Position September 30, 2017

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
Cash and Investments	\$ 397,163,033
Receivables	3,315,563
Deposits	72,895
Inventories	36,280
Prepaids	434,401
Other Assets	254,137
Restricted assets:	-,-
Cash and Investments	81,380,750
Intergovernmental Receivable	519,570
Long Term-Receivables	1,300,000
Capital Assets not being depreciated:	, ,
Land	605,789,273
Land Interests	116,069,218
Land Acquisition in Progress	132,162
Construction in Progress	2,075,173
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	_,,
Buildings	19,168,089
Machinery and Equipment	5,509,719
Infrastructure	89,185,514
Software	1,465,129
Other Capital Assets	24,823
Total Assets	1,323,895,729
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
OPEB	1,037,691
Pension	12,493,008
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	13,530,699
LIABILITIES	
Accounts and Contracts Payable	41,261,605
Payroll and Related Costs	1,960,251
Contracts Payable-Retainage	332,390
Unearned Revenue	16,756,030
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,019,433
Due in More Than One Year	46,283,310
Total Liabilities	107,613,019
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension	2,632,762
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,632,762
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	839,115,561
Restricted for:	
Watershed Basins	49,377,736
Land Acquisition	4,656,996
Unrestricted	334,030,354
Total Net Position	\$ 1,227,180,647

Southwest Florida Water Management District Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	_	Charges for	Program Revenue Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Total Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Primary government:					
Governmental activities: Water Resource Planning and Monitoring	\$ 24,177,514	\$ 35	\$ 1,256,112	\$ -	\$ (22,921,367)
Land Acquisition, Restoration and Public Works	48,604,475	1,594,803	2,683,378		(36,104,844)
Operation and Maintenance of Works and Lands	16,857,187	1,387,289	3,138,969		(12,330,929)
Regulation	17,696,824	1,539,531	5,150,505	_	(16,157,293)
Outreach	1,822,396	-	-	_	(1,822,396)
Management and Administration	11,477,113	10,690	-	_	(11,466,423)
Total governmental activities	\$ 120,635,509	\$ 4,532,348	\$ 7,078,459	\$ 8,221,450	(100,803,252)
	General Revenues:				
	Ad Valorem Proper	ty Taxes			106,799,746
	Unrestricted invest				3,095,242
	Gain on sale of cap	-			464,675
	Other				326,294
	Total general reve				110 685 957

Other	320,294
Total general revenues	110,685,957
Change in net position	9,882,705
Net position - beginning	1,222,114,227
Prior Period Adjustment -(see note I.F)	(4,816,285)
Net position - beginning - Restated (see note I.F)	1,217,297,942
Net position - ending	\$ 1,227,180,647

Southwest Florida Water Management District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2017

	_	General Fund	 DOT Mitigation		Florida Forever		Capital Projects	_	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and Investments	\$	449,207,459	\$ 13,767,914	\$	9,868,437	\$	5,699,973	\$	478,543,783
Due From Other Governments		3,638,974	-		68,104		-		3,707,078
Interest Receivable		1,428,055	-		-		-		1,428,055
Deposits		72,895	-		-		-		72,895
Inventories		36,280	-		-		-		36,280
Prepaids		434,401	-		-		-		434,401
Other Assets	_	254,137	 -	_	-		-	_	254,137
Total Assets	=	455,072,201	 13,767,914	-	9,936,541	-	5,699,973	-	484,476,629
LIABILITIES									
Accounts and Contracts Payable		40,905,875	232,852		87,290		35,588		41,261,605
Payroll and Related Costs		1,960,251	-		-		-		1,960,251
Contracts Payable-Retainage		323,450	8,940		-		-		332,390
Unearned Revenue		3,229,908	13,526,122		-		-		16,756,030
Total Liabilities	_	46,419,484	 13,767,914	_	87,290	_	35,588	-	60,310,276
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		361,567	-		-		-		361,567
Unavailable revenue-intergovernmental revenue		1,300,000	-		-		-		1,300,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	1,661,567	 -	_	-	_	-	-	1,661,567
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable		470,681	-		-		-		470,681
Restricted		49,377,736	-		4,656,996		-		54,034,732
Committed		105,419,328	-		4,900,593		-		110,319,921
Assigned		230,001,122	-		291,662		5,664,385		235,957,169
Unassigned		21,722,283	-		-		-		21,722,283
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	_	406,991,150	 -	_	9,849,251	_	5,664,385	_	422,504,786
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$_	455,072,201	\$ 13,767,914	\$	9,936,541	\$	5,699,973		

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (page 15) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	839,419,100
Deferred outflows are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	13,530,699
Deferred inflows are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(2,632,762)
Delinquent taxes are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	361,567
Earned but unavailable intergovernmental revenues should be recognized in the statement of activities regardless of whether they are available.	1,300,000
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(47,302,743)
Net position of governmental activities	\$1,227,180,647

Southwest Florida Water Management District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

-	General Fund	_	DOT Mitigation	_	Florida Forever	_	Capital Projects	_	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES									
Ad Valorem Property Taxes \$	105,516,186	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,310,103	\$	106,826,289
Intergovernmental Revenues	6,372,607		1,469,341		5,778,327		-		13,620,275
Interest on Invested Funds	2,884,643		141,216		69,383		-		3,095,242
License and Permit Fees	1,529,854		-		-		-		1,529,854
Other	1,265,699		-	_	-		-	_	1,265,699
Total Revenues	117,568,989	_	1,610,557	_	5,847,710	_	1,310,103	_	126,337,359
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Water Resource Planning and Monitoring	24,195,252		-		-		-		24,195,252
Land Acquisition, Restoration and Public Works	43,673,881		1,610,557		5,874,164		164,797		51,323,399
Operation and Maintenance of Works and Lands	14,940,549		-		-		374,520		15,315,069
Regulation	16,726,920		-		-		-		16,726,920
Outreach	1,778,194		-		-		-		1,778,194
Management and Administration	10,714,222		-		-		-		10,714,222
Total Expenditures	112,029,018		1,610,557	_	5,874,164		539,317	_	120,053,056
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues		_		_				_	
Over (Under) Expenditures	5,539,971		-		(26,454)		770,786		6,284,303
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	1,111,740		-		4,163,877		-		5,275,617
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,111,740		-	-	4,163,877		-	-	5,275,617
Net Change in Fund Balances	6,651,711	-	-	-	4,137,423		770,786	-	11,559,920
Fund Balances - Beginning	400,339,439		-		5,711,828		4,893,599		410,944,866
Fund Balances - Ending \$	406,991,150	\$	-	\$	9,849,251	\$	5,664,385	\$	422,504,786

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 16) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 11,559,920
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation expense in the current period.	1,218,336
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations and adjustments) resulted in a decrease to net position.	(2,470,868)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. The net effect of transactions (i.e. delinquent taxes, intergovernmental revenue) resulted in a net increase to net position.	1,273,457
The borrowing of resources associated with a capital lease provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of the long-term borrowing consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the effect of the repayment of principal associated with the long-term borrowing.	94,464
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 (1,792,604)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 9,882,705

Southwest Florida Water Management District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Budgete	ed A	mounts				
	_	Original		Final	-	Actual Amounts	-	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES								
Ad Valorem Property Taxes	\$	104,644,153	\$	104,644,153	\$	105,516,186	\$	872,033
Intergovernmental Revenues		45,979,412		45,979,412		6,372,607		(39,606,805)
Interest on Invested Funds		3,800,000		3,800,000		2,884,643		(915,357)
License and Permit Fees		1,550,000		1,550,000		1,529,854		(20,146)
Other	_	546,207		546,207	_	1,265,699	_	719,492
Total Revenues	_	156,519,772	_	156,519,772	-	117,568,989	-	(38,950,783)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Water Resource Planning and Monitoring		40,511,977		41,824,840		24,195,252		17,629,588
Land Acquisition, Restoration and Public Works		221,897,815		222,439,720		43,673,881		178,765,839
Operation and Maintenance of Works and Lands		24,611,089		22,733,453		14,940,549		7,792,904
Regulation		21,103,778		21,057,469		16,726,920		4,330,549
Outreach		2,651,024		2,655,982		1,778,194		877,788
Management and Administration	_	13,980,343	_	14,044,562	_	10,714,222	_	3,330,340
Total Expenditures	_	324,756,026		324,756,026	_	112,029,018	_	212,727,008
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(168,236,254)		(168,236,254)		5,539,971		173,776,225
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		-		-		1,111,740		1,111,740
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	-		-	-	1,111,740	-	1,111,740
Net Change in Fund Balance	_	(168,236,254)		(168,236,254)	-	6,651,711	-	174,887,965
Fund Balance - Beginning		168,236,254		168,236,254		400,339,439		232,103,185
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	406,991,150	\$	406,991,150

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual DOT Mitigation Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Original and inal Budgeted Amounts	_	Actual Amounts	-	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES Intergovernmental Revenues Interest on Invested Funds Total Revenues	\$	6,621,205 - 6,621,205	\$	1,469,341 141,216 1,610,557	\$	(5,151,864) <u>141,216</u> (5,010,648)
EXPENDITURES Current: Land Acquisition, Restoration and Public Works Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	6,621,205 6,621,205 -	-	1,610,557 1,610,557 -	-	5,010,648 5,010,648
Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements contain a summary of significant accounting policies and other notes considered necessary for a clear understanding of the financial statements.

Description

The Southwest Florida Water Management District (District) is one of five regional water management districts charged by Chapter 373 of the Florida Statutes to preserve and protect the state's water resources. The District covers all or parts of 16 counties along Florida's central west coast. Approximately 17 percent of the state's total land area and roughly a quarter of its population are contained within the boundaries of the District, which stretches from Levy County in the north to Charlotte County in the south and inland as far as Highlands and Polk counties.

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting entity

The District is an independent special district of the State of Florida and is governed by a 13-member board, which is appointed by the Governor of Florida and confirmed by the Florida Senate. As required by GAAP, these financial statements include all operations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is a component unit of the State of Florida for financial reporting purposes and these financial statements will be included in the State of Florida's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as a discretely presented component unit for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of a statement of net position and a statement of activities that report information about the District as a whole. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given program and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Ad valorem property tax revenue and other items are not reported as program revenues; instead, they are general revenues of the District.

Fund financial statements are presented to report additional and detailed information about the District. Fund financial statements accompany the government-wide financial statements and present a summary reconciliation to explain differences between the data reported in the governmental funds and the data reported for the corresponding governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Ad valorem property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when such liabilities have matured. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Ad valorem property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which the taxes are due and collected within 60 days of fiscal year-end. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized at the time related expenditures are incurred, if such amounts are expected to be collected within one year. Investment earnings are recognized when earned. All other revenue items are recognized when earned and are both measurable and available.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Accounted for within the general fund are the restricted funds associated with the former seven watershed basins. During fiscal year 2010-11, the District's Governing Board revoked all prior basin boundary designations and merged all basin boundaries into the boundary of the District. As a result, the seven basins no longer exist as ad valorem taxing units. The respective ending fund balances as of September 30, 2011 were transferred to the general fund as restricted fund balances at that time. These funds are legally restricted to be used for expenditures for specified purposes within the respective geographical boundary of each watershed basin.

The *DOT Mitigation Fund* is a special revenue fund that accounts for revenue sources received from the State of Florida that are restricted for mitigation activities, pursuant to Section 373.4137, Florida Statutes. The state-mandated Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) program requires that mitigation to offset the adverse wetland impacts of transportation projects be funded by the FDOT and be carried out by the use of mitigation banks and any other mitigation options that satisfy state and federal requirements. (See Note I.E.9., page 28).

The District has two *capital projects funds* that are maintained to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects.

The *Florida Forever Fund* accounts for financial resources received from the State of Florida and local governments for the acquisition of lands necessary for water management, water supply, and conservation of water resources under the Florida Forever land acquisition program (see Note I.E.9., page 27).

The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for financial resources from the District's general fund for the acquisition of land and construction and major renovations of District facilities.

D. Classification of expenditures

The District currently categorizes the revenues, expenditures, and budget data it submits to the Executive Officer of the Governor, the Department of Environmental Protection and the Legislature by six program areas. These programs, which are set forth in Section 373.536(5)(e)4., Florida Statutes, are:

1.0 Water Resource Planning and Monitoring

This program includes all water management planning, including water supply planning, development of minimum flows and minimum water levels, and other water resources planning; research, data collection, analysis, and monitoring; and technical assistance (including local and regional plan and program review).

2.0 Land Acquisition, Restoration, and Public Works

This program includes the development and construction of all capital projects (except for those contained in Programs 1.0 and 3.0), including water resource development projects, water supply development assistance, water control projects, and support and administrative facilities construction, cooperative projects, land acquisition, and the restoration of lands and water bodies.

3.0 Operation and Maintenance of Works and Lands

This program includes all operation and maintenance of facilities, flood control and water supply structures, lands, and other works authorized by Chapter 373, Florida Statutes.

4.0 Regulation

This program includes water use permitting, water well construction permitting, water well contractor licensing, environmental resource and surface water management permitting, permit administration and enforcement, and any delegated regulatory program.

5.0 Outreach

This program includes all environmental education activities, such as water conservation campaigns and water resources education; public information activities; all lobbying activities relating to local, regional, state and federal governmental affairs; and all public relations activities, including public service announcements and advertising in the media.

6.0 Management and Administration

This program includes all governing board support; executive management and support; management information systems; and general counsel, ombudsman, human resources, finance, inspector general, risk management, procurement, and administrative services.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash and investments

Cash balances are pooled for investment purposes and recorded in the General Fund with the exception of advanced funds that are restricted assets, which are separately invested and recorded in their respective fund. Cash includes cash-on-hand and demand deposits. Interest earned from investments is allocated to the General Fund.

Investments are stated at fair value pursuant to GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, as amended by GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, and GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, with the exception of the State Board of Administration (SBA) Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (known as Florida Prime) which is reported at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The District has limited its investments to the following investments authorized in Section 218.415, Florida Statutes: (a) Florida PRIME: (b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; (c) Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories, as defined in Section 280.02. Florida Statutes: (d) Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury; (e) Direct obligations of federal agencies and instrumentalities and other investments as authorized by the District's Governing Board through a resolution, including mortgage-backed securities, state and /or local government taxable and/or tax-exempt debt, registered investment companies (mutual funds and money market mutual funds), repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, corporate notes and an intergovernmental investment pool.

2. Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories are valued at cost using the average cost method and consist of expendable supplies of chemicals used for treating aquatic vegetation. The costs of such inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

3. Restricted assets

Certain proceeds, including cash restricted for the basins, advanced funds received, and intergovernmental receivables of the General Fund (\$3,144,663), Alafia River Basin (\$1,419,322), Hillsborough River Basin (\$30,570,394), Coastal Rivers Basin (\$581,588), Pinellas-Anclote River Basin (\$17,027,969), Withlacoochee River Basin (\$3,291,372), Peace River Basin (\$2,196,568), Manasota Basin (\$5,243,534), DOT Mitigation Fund (\$13,767,914), and the Florida Forever Fund (\$4,656,996) are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited to specific purposes as identified within their related agreements or as required by Florida Statutes.

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, both tangible and intangible, which include land, land interests, buildings, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., bridges, water control structures, levees and similar items) and software, are reported only in the government-wide financial statements. Tangible capital assets are those acquired for general government purposes with an initial, individual cost equal to or more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Intangible capital assets are those acquired for general government purposes with an initial, individual cost equal to or more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of the donation. The estimated value is based on the most recent appraisal documentation available. Maintenance, repairs and minor renovations are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings	5 - 50
Machinery & Equipment	3 - 15
Infrastructure	20 - 50
Software	3
Other	5

5. Compensated absences

District employees accrue annual and sick leave benefits based on hours worked and length of service. Annual leave is vested after 6 months of service. Regular employees can carry forward from one fiscal year to the next up to 360 hours of accrued annual leave but the maximum hours that will be paid upon separation in good standing is 240 hours. Employees in the Administrative Pay schedule may carry up to 480 hours of accrued annual leave and the maximum hours to be paid upon separation in good standing is 480 hours. Sick leave benefits do not vest until an employee has earned six years of creditable service with the District. Upon retirement, death, resignation or separation in good standing, an employee is eligible to receive, at his/her current rate of pay, 100 percent of accrued annual leave (up to a maximum of 240 or 480 hours as per above) and 25 percent of accrued sick leave benefits (up to a maximum of 480 hours).

The accrued liability for compensated absences represents the liability for accrued annual and sick leave benefits for employees currently eligible or likely to become eligible to receive those leave benefits in the future. The District permits employees to accrue earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. The amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

6. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program and additions to/deductions from FRS Pension Plan's and HIS Program's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Program. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

7. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and the balance sheet will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources, if applicable. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the balance sheet will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources, if applicable. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

8. Fund balances

Fund balance is reported pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This statement establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies definitions for governmental fund types. Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds.

The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted – includes amounts where constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation that identifies and describes circumstance under which a need for use of funds arise.

Committed – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The District Governing Board, being the District's highest level of decision-making authority, establishes, modifies or rescinds the commitment of funds for specific purposes through Board resolutions.

Assigned – includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to use the amounts for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The determination of assignment is delegated by the Governing Board to the Director of Management Services or, in the Director's absence, the Finance Bureau Chief. Assignment of fund balance may be (a) made for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself; or (b) used to reflect the appropriation of a portion of existing unassigned fund balance to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent year's budget in an amount no greater than the projected excess of expected expenditures over expected revenues.

In accordance with the District's Fund Balance Policy, assigned fund balance shall reflect management's intended use of resources as set forth in the annual budget (and any amendments thereto). Assigned fund balance may or may not be appropriated for expenditure in the subsequent year depending on the timing of the project/reserve for which it was assigned (see note IV.H., page 40 and note V.C., page 42).

Unassigned – includes the residual classification for the general fund and represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund and will be used in a subsequent years budget.

The District reduces restricted fund balance amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances including committed, assigned and unassigned are available, and when expenditures are incurred for the purposes for which amounts in the restricted fund balance could be used. Regarding unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

9. State trust funds

Under Florida Statutes, the District is entitled to funding from the State of Florida, which is allocated and appropriated to various trust funds. These funds are released to the District for a variety of programs when eligibility requirements have been met. It is the District's policy to recognize funding received through these state trust funds as intergovernmental revenues at the time an eligible cost has been incurred.

The <u>Water Management Lands Trust Fund</u> was established in 1981 pursuant to Section 373.59, Florida Statutes, and terminated in July of 2015, however, the remaining encumbered funds dedicated to Surface Water Improvement and Management were retained and will be recognized as revenue in future fiscal years. Funded primarily from a portion of the documentary stamp taxes collected by the State, the non-lapsing trust fund provided funding to the District for 1) ongoing management, maintenance, and capital improvements of lands; 2) pre-acquisition costs associated with land purchases; and 3) the Surface Water Improvement and Management (SWIM) Program. Revenues received from the trust fund are accounted for in the District's General Fund. The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) had oversight responsibility for this trust fund.

The <u>Florida Forever Trust Fund</u> was established in 1999 pursuant to Section 259.105, Florida Statutes. The Florida Forever program is the successor program to the Florida Preservation 2000 program. The Trust is funded through bond proceeds and may be used for land acquisition (including less-than-fee purchases), pre-acquisition costs associated with land purchases, water resource development, storm water management, water body restoration, recreational facility construction, public access improvements, invasive plant control and related projects. Over the life of the program, the District must spend at least 50 percent of the funds on land acquisition. Revenues received from the trust fund are accounted for in the Florida Forever Fund and the general fund. The FDEP has oversight responsibility for this trust fund.

The Ecosystem Management and Restoration Trust Fund was established in 1996 pursuant to Section 403.1651, Florida Statutes, and terminated in July of 2015, however, the remaining encumbered funds were retained and will be recognized as revenue in future fiscal years. The trust fund is funded through various sources, such as documentary stamp taxes, transfers from other trust funds, general revenues, interest earnings and fines. It provides funding to the District for the detailed planning and implementation of programs for the management and restoration of ecosystems, including the SWIM Program, Facilitating Agricultural Resource Management Systems Program and various other projects. Revenues received from the trust fund are accounted for in the District's general fund. The FDEP had oversight responsibility for this trust fund.

The <u>Water Protection and Sustainability Trust Fund</u> was established in 2005 pursuant to Section 403.890, Florida Statutes, and is funded by excise tax proceeds. The State's Water Protection and Sustainability Program Trust Fund (WPSPTF) provides funds for the District Governing Board's highly effective partnership programs (i.e., Water Supply and Resource Development and Cooperative Funding Initiative) for alternative water supply development assistance, the SWIM Program and other surface water restoration activities in the water management district designated priority water bodies, and the West-Central Florida Water

Restoration Action Plan. Revenues received from the trust fund are accounted for in the District's general fund. The FDEP has oversight responsibility for this trust fund.

The Land Acquisition Trust Fund was established in 1963, pursuant to Section 375.041, Florida Statutes. The trust fund is funded through documentary excise tax as authorized by Section 28 of Article X of the Florida Constitution, with Senate Bill 2516-A requiring 33 percent of documentary stamp tax revenue being distributed into the trust fund. The trust fund provides funding for the acquisition and improvement of land, water areas, and related property interests, including conservation easements, and resources for conservation lands including wetlands, forests, and fish and wildlife habitat; wildlife management areas; lands that protect water resources and drinking water sources, including lands protecting the water quality and quantity of rivers, lakes, streams, springsheds, and lands providing recharge for groundwater and aquifer systems; beaches and shores; outdoor recreation lands, including recreational trails, parks, and urban open space; rural landscapes; working farms and ranches; historic or geologic sites; together with management, restoration of natural systems, and the enhancement of public access or recreational enjoyment of conservation lands.

The <u>State Transportation Trust Fund</u> was established in 1931 pursuant to Section 206.46, Florida Statutes. The trust fund is funded through gas tax proceeds as authorized by Chapter 83-3, Laws of Florida, and such other funds which accrue to the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) which are not required to be maintained in separate trust funds. It provides funding to the District for mitigation activities that offset the adverse wetland impacts of transportation projects. Revenues received from the trust fund are accounted for in the District's general fund (indirect charges) and the DOT Mitigation Fund. The FDOT has oversight responsibilities for this trust fund.

10. Use of estimates

Management of the District has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. New accounting pronouncements

The District elected to early adopt GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions.* This Statement replaces the requirements of GASB Statements No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions,* as amended, and No. 57, *OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans.* This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflow of resources, and expense/expenditures of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) that is provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This resulted in a \$4,816,285 reduction of beginning net position from \$1,222,114,227 to \$1,217,297,942 due to the addition of the total OPEB liability.

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues.* This Statement amends GASB Statements No. 67 and 68 by replacing the term "covered-employee payroll" with the term "covered payroll", defined as the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based. Covered payroll is presented in the required supplementary information provided.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases, effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to*

better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The District is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements

II. Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental funds balance sheet includes reconciliation between *fund balances–total governmental funds* and *net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

One element of that reconciliation states that, "Deferred outflows are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds."

The details of the \$13,530,699 difference are as follows:

Other Postemployment benefits (OPEB)	\$ 1,037,691
Pension-FRS	10,743,689
Pension-HIS	 1,749,319
Net Adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds to	
arrive at net position of governemental activites	\$ 13,530,699

One element of that reconciliation states that, "Deferred inflows are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds."

The details of the \$2,632,762 difference are as follows:

Pension-FRS	\$ 1,230,768
Pension-HIS	 1,401,994
Net adjustment to decrease fund balance - total governmental funds to	
arrive at net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,632,762

One element of that reconciliation states that, "Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds."

The details of the \$47,302,743 difference are as follows:

Pension-FRS	\$ 23,922,153
Pension-HIS	11,488,740
Compensated Absences	4,353,660
Other Postemployment Benefits (see note V.E., page 51)	6,455,651
Claims (see note V.A., page 42)	779,000
Capital Leases	 303,539
Net adjustment to decrease fund balance - total governmnetal funds to arrive at net	
position of governmental activities	\$ 47,302,743

B. Explanation of the differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net change in fund balances–total governmental funds* and *change in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of the reconciliation explains that, "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period."

The details of this \$1,218,336 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 8,974,849
Depreciation expense	(7,756,513)
Net adjustment to increase <i>net change in fund balances - total</i> governmnetal funds to arrive at <i>change in net position of governmental</i> <i>activities</i>	\$ 1,218,336

Another element of that reconciliation states that, "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations and adjustments) resulted in a decrease to net position."

The details of this \$2,470,868 difference are as follows:

Donations of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	\$ 2,443,123
The statement of activities reports losses or reductions arising from the sales, trade-ins, or removal of capital assets. Conversely, Governmental funds do not report any gain or loss associated with these types of transactions.	(4,913,991)
Net adjustment to decrease <i>net change in fund balances - total</i> governmnetal funds to arrive at <i>change in net position of governmental</i> activities	\$(2,470,868)

Another element of the reconciliation states that, "Revenue in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. The net effect of transactions resulted in a net increase to net position.

The details of the \$1,273,457 increase are as follows:

Delinquent taxes less than prior year-end	\$ (26,543)
Long term receivable from other governments	 1,300,000
Net adjustment to increase <i>net change in fund balances - total</i> governmental funds to arrive at change in net position of governmental	\$ 1,273,457

Another element of the reconciliation states that, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds."

The details of this \$1,792,604 difference are as follows:

Compensated Absences	\$	50,424
Claims (medical)		(282,000)
Pension Liability and related deferred balances-FRS		(1,834,503)
Pension Liability and related deferred balances-HIS		(227,795)
Other Postemployment Benefits (see note V.E., page 51)		501,270
Net adjustment to decrease net change in fund balances - total	•	

governmental funds to arrive at change in net position of governmental (1,792,604)

III. Stewardship, compliance and accountability

A. Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. Annual appropriated budgets for fiscal year 2016-17 were adopted by the District Governing Board for all governmental funds. If the District receives unanticipated funds after the adoption of the final budget, the District Governing Board may amend the budget, following review and approval by the Executive Office of the Governor, if notice of intention to amend is provided to the Legislative Budget Commission. Remaining encumbered appropriations at fiscal year-end are carried forward and re-appropriated in the following fiscal year. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The District Governing Board approves budget transfers among departments and capital projects during the year. Expenditures in excess of appropriations in one or more departments of a fund do not constitute a violation of budgetary controls as long as total expenditures do not exceed total appropriations for the fund. Budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

IV. Detailed notes

A. Cash and investments

As of September 30, 2017 the District had the following cash and investments:

Investment Type	 Fair Value		Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 239,880,623		1.55
Corporate Notes	64,093,772		1.44
U.S. Agencies	108,981,739		1.31
State Board of Administration Florida PRIME	56,024,102	(1)	0.14
Money Market Funds	6,819,232	_	liquid daily
Total Financial Fair Value of Investments	 475,799,468	-	
Portfolio weighted average maturity			1.29
Investment in Land Held for Resale	 450,000		
Total Investments	476,249,468		
Demand Deposit Accounts	2,278,465	(2)	
Petty Cash	 15,850		
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 478,543,783	-	

(1) The District participates in the State Board of Administration's (SBA) Florida PRIME, which reports investments at amortized cost. See "Investments Reported at Amortized Cost" note.

(2) At September 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the District's cash demand deposit account was \$2,278,465 and the bank balance was \$3,726,167. The District actively manages its cash balance and invests excess cash on a daily basis.

Interest rate risk: In accordance with the District's investment policy, the exposure to declines in fair values is managed by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to five years or less. Of the District's investments, \$6,306,737 is callable by the issuers and is subject to the risk of being called prior to maturity. For purposes of calculating the weighted average maturity in years, the callable date was used in the calculation.

Credit Risk: In accordance with the District's investment policy, the District minimizes credit risk, the risk of loss due to the failure of the security, by limiting investments to the authorized investments in the investment policy (see note I.E.1., page 23), pre-qualifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the District will do business, and diversifying the investment portfolio to protect against losses on individual securities. The SBA Florida PRIME is rated by Standard and Poor's. The current rating is AAAm. The money market funds in which the District has invested funds were rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's, and Aaa by Moody's Investor Services. The investments in corporate notes were rated AAA through A- by Standard and Poor's and Aaa through A3 by Moody's Investor Services.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: At September 30, 2017, the District's deposits were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral pledged with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Under this chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution (a qualified public depository), all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments: Investments are subject to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, not registered in the District's name, and are held by the party that either sells to or buys for the District. The District's investment policy requires that all securities be held with a third-party custodian in a separate account which is registered as an asset of the District. The custodian acts as the safe keeper of the District's investment securities. No withdrawal of securities, in whole or in part, is made from safekeeping without written authorization of designated District staff. All of the District securities are held in the District's name; therefore, no investments held at year-end were subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District's policy authorizes investment allocation limits on security types, maturity and issuer limitations which may be modified by the Director of Management Services from time to time based on market conditions, risk and diversification investment strategies. Of the District's total investments, more than 5 percent are in Federal Home Loan Bank (8.48 percent) and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (8.18 percent).

For the financial investments held at September 30, 2017, the District's policy had the following limitations.

Security Type	Minimum Rating Requirement	Maturity Limits	Maximum Allocation Limit	Maximum Issuer Limit
Florida PRIME	AAAm	N/A	50%	N/A
United States Government Securities	N/A	5 Years	100%	N/A
Federal Instrumentalities (United States Government Sponsored Enterprises ("GSE") which are non-full faith and credit).*	N/A	5 Years	50%	40%
State and/or Local Government Taxable and/or Tax-Exempt Debt	Single "A" category by two NRSROs**	5 Years	25%	10%
Registered Investment Companies (Money Market Mutual Funds)	AAAm	N/A	50%	25%
Corporate Notes***	single "A" category by any two NRSROs**	5 Years	35%	5%

*The combined maximum amount of available funds invested in Federal Instrumentalities and mortgage-backed securities, if applicable, will not exceed fifty percent (50%).

**National Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO).

***The maximum amount of corporate investments will not exceed forty percent (40%). Therefore, the combination of Commercial Paper and Corporate Notes shall not exceed forty percent (40%). Corporate Notes are limited to 15% per industry.

Investments Reported at Amortized Cost: The District has investments in the State Board of Administration (SBA) Florida Prime. As a Florida PRIME participant, the District invests in pools of investments whereby the District owns a share of the respective pool, not the underlying securities. GASB Statement No. 31 outlines the two options for accounting and reporting for money market investment pools as either "2a-7 like" or fluctuating net asset value (NAV). GASB Statement No. 31 describes a "2a-7 like" pool as an "external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). Florida PRIME is considered a SEC "2a-7 like" fund, thus the account balance is also considered the fair value of the District's investment. GASB Statement No. 79 established criteria for external investment pools to qualify for reporting investments at amortized cost, and if so, states that participants in the pool should do so as well. Florida PRIME meets the qualifications and reports the amortized cost.

Florida PRIME currently has no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. As of September 30, 2017, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value. Section 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, provides that the SBA executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the external investment pool, may limit contributions to or withdrawals from the external investment pool for 48 hours, and could be extended up to 15 days by trustee vote, to ensure that the SBA can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. With regard to liquidity fees, Section 218.409(4), Florida Statutes, provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. As of September 30, 2017, no such disclosure has been made. All Florida PRIME investment policies can be found at www.sbafla.com/prime.

Fair Value Measurement: The District categorizes its fair value within the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles using the market approach. The hierarchy is based on valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has the following fair value measurements as of September 30, 2017:

- U.S. treasury securities of \$239,880,623 are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix
 pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted
 prices (Level 2 inputs).
- Corporate Notes of \$64,093,772 are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices (Level 2 inputs).
- U.S. agency securities of \$108,981,739 are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices (Level 2 inputs).
- Money markets of \$6,819,232 are valued using the quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- State Board of Administration of \$56,024,102 are valued using amortized cost.
- The District has \$450,000 of non-financial assets in the form of land held for resale. The pricing was established by a third-party appraisal (Level 3 inputs) at acquisition and the District believes its value has not changed materially since its acquisition.

	9/30/2017	 tive Markets or Identical Assets (Level 1)	gnificant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Und	ignificant observable Inputs Level 3)
Investments measured at fair value					
Debt securities					
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 239,880,623	\$ -	\$ 239,880,623	\$	-
Corporate Notes	64,093,772	-	64,093,772		-
U.S. Agencies	 108,981,739	 -	 108,981,739		-
Total debt securities	 412,956,134	-	 412,956,134		-
Money Market Funds	6,819,232	6,819,232	-		-
Land Held for Resale	 450,000	 -	 -		450,000
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 420,225,366	\$ 6,819,232	\$ 412,956,134	\$	450,000
Investments measured at amortized cost State Board of Administration Florida PRIME	 56,024,102		 		
Total investments measured at fair value and amortized cost	\$ 476,249,468				

B. Receivables

Receivables at year-end for the District's individual major funds are as follows:

					Total
<u>Fund</u>	Interg	governmental	 Interest	R	eceivables
General	\$	3,638,974	\$ 1,428,055	\$	5,067,029
Florida Forever		68,104	 -		68,104
Total	\$	3,707,078	\$ 1,428,055	\$	5,135,133

C. Property Taxes

Ad valorem property taxes are computed using property values at January 1 of each year and are considered to be levied upon the District Governing Board's adoption of the final millage rate in September. The taxes are due November 1 and become delinquent April 1 of the following year. A four percent discount is allowed if the taxes are paid in November, with the discount declining by one percent each month thereafter. Tax certificates for the full amount of any unpaid taxes on real property and assessments must be sold no later than June 1 of each year at which time a lien attaches to the property.

D. Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds delay revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned because all eligibility requirements have not been met. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unearned Revenue
General	
Grant drawdowns prior to meeting all eligibility requirements	\$ 3,229,908
DOT Mitigation	
Fund Drawdowns prior to meeting all eligibility requirements	 13,526,122
Total unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$ 16,756,030

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows:

		Balance, October 1, 2016		Increases		Decreases	Reclassifications	S	Balance, eptember 30, 2017
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	608,103,055	\$	3,912,209	\$	(4,552,905)	\$ (1,673,086)	\$	605,789,273
Land Interests	Ψ	110,063,726	Ψ	4,315,369	Ψ	(4,332,303)	φ (1,673,000) 1,692,373	Ψ	116,069,218
Land Acquisitions in Progress		149,069		29,430		(27,050)	(19,287)		132,162
Construction in Progress		3,390,469		918,824		(27,000)	(2,234,120)		2,075,173
Construction in Progress		0,000,400		010,024			(2,204,120)		2,010,110
Total capital assets, not									
being depreciated		721,706,319		9,175,832		(4,582,205)	(2,234,120)		724,065,826
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings		34,531,474		41,069		(316,949)	7,250		34,262,844
Machinery and Equipment		26,849,933		1,159,686		(1,727,749)	-		26,281,870
Infrastructure		163,082,257		605,152		(· ,· _ · ,· · · ·) -	2,226,870		165,914,279
Software		50,925,323		418,476		-	-		51,343,799
Other		149,804		17,757		(20,126)	-		147,435
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>					
Total capital assets being									
depreciated		275,538,791		2,242,140		(2,064,824)	2,234,120		277,950,227
Less accumulated									
depreciation for:		44 507 400		700 740		(070 440)			
Buildings		14,597,126		769,742		(272,113)	-		15,094,755
Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure		20,272,940		1,940,010 3,872,731		(1,440,799)	-		20,772,151
Software		72,856,034 48,710,491				-	-		76,728,765 49,878,670
Other		40,710,491 136,887		1,168,179 5,851		- (20,126)	-		49,878,670 122,612
Other		130,007		5,651		(20,120)			122,012
Total accumulated									
depreciation		156,573,478		7,756,513		(1,733,038)			162,596,953
Total capital assets, being									
depreciated, net		118,965,313		(5 51/ 272)		(331,786)	2,234,120		115,353,274
טבטובטומובע, וופו		110,900,013		(5,514,373)		(001,700)	2,234,120		110,000,274
Governmental activities									
capital assets, net	\$	840,671,632	\$	3,661,459	\$	(4,913,991)	\$-	\$	839,419,100

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities	
Water Resources Planning and Monitoring	\$ 716,212
Acquisition, Restoration and Public Works	3,152,139
Operation and Maintenance of Works and Lands	2,352,348
Regulation	898,371
Outreach	16,315
Management and Administration	 621,128
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 7,756,513

F. Leases

Operating Leases

The District has lease commitments under various operating leases for buildings, 2-way radio antennas, and Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) tower leases, with the longest operating lease in effect until 2029. Lease expenditures for the year ended September 30, 2017, amounted to \$171,887.

Future minimum lease payments for the non-cancelable operating leases with remaining terms of more than one year are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Minimum
Ending	Lease
September 30,	Payments
2018	\$ 163,653
2019	149,288
2020	141,797
2021	142,318
2022	50,496
2023-2027	161,369
2028-2029	32,274
	\$ 841,195

Capital Leases

In fiscal year 2014-15, the District entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of Xerox copiers valued at \$253,225. The equipment has a five-year life. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. In fiscal year 2015-16, the District added additional equipment to this lease in the amount of \$11,450. The Xerox lease payable balance at September 30, 2017 is \$140,506.

In fiscal year 2015-16, the District entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of Ricoh printers valued at \$238,227. The equipment has a five-year life. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The Ricoh lease payable balance at September 30, 2017 is \$163,033.

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2017, were as follows:

Fiscal Year		
Ending	Minir	mum Lease
September 30,	Р	ayments
2018	\$	119,094
2019		119,094
2020		88,989
2021		9,894
2022		-
Total miminum lease payments		337,071
Less: amount representing interest		(33,532)
Present value of miminum lease payments	\$	303,539

G. Long-term obligations

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance *Restated)	 Additions	 Reductions	En	ding Balance	-	Due	e Within One Year
Compensated Absences	\$ 4,404,084	\$ 5,481,693	\$ 5,532,117	\$	4,353,660	(1)	\$	435,366
Other Postemployment Benefits	5,919,230	584,484	48,063		6,455,651	(1)		-
Workers' Compensation	497,000	250,430	250,430		497,000	(1)		201,144
Medical Claims	483,334	5,039,527	5,240,861		282,000	(1)		282,000
Capital Lease	398,003	-	94,464		303,539	(1)		100,923
Net Pension Liabilities:								
FRS	20,603,476	15,025,501	11,706,824		23,922,153	(1)		-
HIS	12,736,667	878,936	2,126,863		11,488,740	(1)		-
Total	\$ 45,041,794	\$ 27,260,571	\$ 24,999,622	\$	47,302,743	-	\$	1,019,433

*Restated beginning OPEB balance (see note I.F)

⁽¹⁾ The general fund has typically been used to satisfy these obligations.

H. Fund Balance

Fund balances for all major funds at September 30, 2017 were as follows:

	General Fund	Florida Forever	Capital Projects	Total All Funds
Nonspendable:				
Inventory	\$ 36,280	\$-	\$-	\$ 36,280
Prepaids	434,401			434,401
Total Nonspendable	470,681	· ·	-	470,681
Restricted for:				
Alafia River Basin	777,935	-	-	777,935
Hillsborough River Basin	25,320,192	-	-	25,320,192
Coastal Rivers Basin	408,379	-	-	408,379
Pinellas-Anclote River Basin	14,743,794	-	-	14,743,794
Withlacoochee River Basin	2,835,894	-	-	2,835,894
Peace River Basin	1,418,907	-	-	1,418,907
Manasota Basin	3,872,635	-	-	3,872,635
Land Management	-,	4,656,996	-	4,656,996
Total Restricted	49,377,736	4,656,996	-	54,034,732
Committed to:	10,011,100	1,000,000		0 1,00 1,102
Economic Stabilization Reserve	22,100,000	-	-	22,100,000
Long-term Projects Reserve	50,000,000	-	-	50,000,000
Central Florida Water Resource	00,000,000			00,000,000
Development Project	30,000,000	-	<u>.</u>	30,000,000
Self-Funded Medical Reserve	1,700,000	-	-	1,700,000
Land Management	1,619,328	4,900,593	-	6,519,921
Total Committed	105,419,328	4,900,593		110,319,921
Assigned to:	105,419,520	4,900,090		110,319,921
District Water Management Planning	7,937,908			7 027 009
Research, Data Collection, Analysis and Monitoring		-	-	7,937,908
	3,899,817	-	-	3,899,817
Technical Assistance	9,515	-	-	9,515
Technology and Information Services	2,169,772	-	-	2,169,772
Land Acquisition	7,248	18,300	-	25,548
Water Source Development	99,065,173	-	-	99,065,173
Surface Water Projects	82,192,389	-	-	82,192,389
Facilities Construction and Major Renovations	169,174	-	5,641,651	5,810,825
Land Management & Use	30,610	-	-	30,610
Works	1,542,337	-	22,734	1,565,071
Facilities	90,295	-	-	90,295
Invasive Plant Control	21,813	-	-	21,813
Other Operation and Maintenance Activities	70,746	-	-	70,746
Fleet Services	457,482	-	-	457,482
Consumptive Use Permitting	1,335,211	-	-	1,335,211
Water Well Construction, Permitting and Contractors Licenses	8,623	-	-	8,623
Environmental Resource and Surface Water Permitting	326,452	-	-	326,452
Regulatory and Enforcement Activities	209,108	-	-	209,108
Water Resource Education	550,000	-	-	550,000
Public Information	15,547	-	-	15,547
Administrative and Operations Support	1,317,323	-	-	1,317,323
Workers' Compensation Reserve	497,000	-	-	497,000
Self-Funded Medical Reserve	2,257,909	-	-	2,257,909
Land Management	44,923	273,362	-	318,285
Subsquent Years Budget	25,774,747		-	25,774,747
Total Assigned	230,001,122	291,662	5,664,385	235,957,169
Unassigned:	21,722,283	-	-	21,722,283
Total Fund Balances	\$ 406,991,150	\$ 9,849,251	\$ 5,664,385	\$ 422,504,786

Through a Governing Board resolution that identifies and describes a circumstance under which a need for use of funds arise, the District established an Economic Stabilization Fund from the committed general fund balance in the amount of \$22.1 million to maintain sufficient working capital for a two-month period. The amount of the reserve is established annually during the budgetary process for the next fiscal year, and will fluctuate (increase/decrease) based on the amount of funds needed to maintain sufficient working capital for a two-month period. The reserve is to provide sufficient funds for circumstances that are not expected to occur routinely and ensure the District's continued orderly operational and financial stability. The District's Governing Board would have to approve the use of the Economic Stabilization Fund and the District's budget would be amended for any of the following specific reasons; when the President of the U.S. or the Governor of Florida declares an emergency by executive order and the District's funds are not sufficient to continue operations for no less than a two month period; or when the Governing Board determines through adoption of a resolution that damages and/or losses have directly impacted the citizens and/or the environment within District boundaries, including structural emergencies for which remedial action cannot wait until the next fiscal year; or when projected ad valorem tax collections are 2 percent less than 96 percent of the taxable property values as certified by the District's 16 counties multiplied by the Governing Board approved millage rate. Projections are based on historical collections (e.g., due to refunds of prior year tax collections resulting from successful challenges of property assessments, the District is unable to sell sufficient tax certificates for unpaid property taxes).

V. Other information

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to: tort; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural or manmade disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance coverage for all liabilities except workers' compensation and health insurance.

The District has a self-insurance program for its workers' compensation exposure, with excess coverage purchased for claims in excess of \$500,000 per occurrence. During the year ended September 30, 2017, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage for the workers' compensation plan from the prior year. In addition, no claims settlement has exceeded the insurance coverage amounts for the past three fiscal years. Current expenditures related to the workers' compensation self-insurance program are accounted for in the District's General Fund.

The District moved to a self-insurance program for health benefits as of January 1, 2016. To mitigate this risk, the District purchased Stop Loss insurance that will cover higher-than-anticipated claims. Claims' settlements did not exceed insurance coverage. Current expenditures related to the health benefits self-insurance program are accounted for in the District's General Fund.

Liabilities of the District for both programs are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include estimates of prior and current year existing claims and incurred but not reported claims (IBNR). The claims liabilities are based on an independent actuarial determination and are presented on a net undiscounted basis.

The estimated claims liabilities by risk category at September 30, 2017 are as follows:

	Ve	ear ended	Amounts Due Within One	
		/30/2017	Year	
Workers' Compensation	\$	497,000	\$ 201,144	4
Medical Claims		282,000	282,000)
Claims Liabilities, end of fiscal year	\$	779,000	\$ 483,144	4

Changes in the claims liabilities for the current and prior fiscal year are summarized below:

			Cu	rrent Claims				
Fiscal			and	d Changes in				
Year	Begir	ning Liability		Estimates	Cla	im Payments	End	ing Liabilitiy
2016	\$	518,000	\$	5,170,575	\$	(4,708,241)	\$	980,334
2017		980,334		5,289,957		(5,491,291)		779,000

To minimize the financial impact of potential unforeseen demands, the District policy allows a fund balance reserve for the self-insurance programs. At September 30, 2017, general fund assets of \$497,000 were assigned for the purpose of funding future workers' compensation claims liabilities, with a corresponding assignment of the General Fund's fund balance. General fund assets of \$1,700,000 were committed for the purpose of funding future health benefits claims liabilities, with a corresponding commitment of the General Fund's fund balance. Additional general fund assets of \$2,257,909 were assigned for the purpose of funding future health benefits claims liabilities, with a corresponding assignment of the General Fund's fund balance.

B. Mitigation Bank Financial Responsibility Assurances

The District is authorized by Section 373.4136, Florida Statute, to permit the establishment of mitigation banks. A permit applicant proposing the establishment of a mitigation bank is required to demonstrate the financial ability to conduct the mitigation activities, any necessary site management, monitoring of the mitigation, and any necessary corrective action indicated by the monitoring.

The mitigation banks can provide the demonstrated financial assurance by obtaining a surety bond, performance bond, irrevocable letter of credit, or establishing a trust fund. If a bond or an irrevocable letter of credit is used, a standby trust fund shall be established in which all payments under the bonds or letters of credit shall be directly deposited. If the mitigation banks fail to comply with the terms and conditions of the permit, the District may draw upon the financial assurance provided by the mitigation bank. As of September 30, 2017, the District estimates the value of the financial assurances provided by the various mitigation banks is \$8.3 million.

C. Commitments and contingencies

At September 30, 2017, the District had unrestricted net position of approximately \$334 million that may be used to meet the government's ongoing commitments to citizens and creditors. It is the District's intent to use these assets to: satisfy contracts and purchase orders in the amount of \$61.6 million; fund board and management designations in the amount of \$18.3 million; fund future long- and short-term projects in the amount of approximately \$194.8 million; maintain an economic stabilization reserve of \$22.1 million; support land management activities in the amount of \$6.9 million; pay claims associated with the District's Workers' Compensation and Medical Claims

Self-insurance Program in the amount of \$4.5 million; and carry forward \$25.8 million into the fiscal year 2017-18 budget.

The District had restricted net position of \$54 million. Of this amount, \$49.3 million must be used for projects in the seven former watershed basins and \$4.7 million for land acquisition.

The District has been named as a defendant in several legal actions resulting from various causes. In the opinion of management and its legal counsel, any ultimate liability to the District resulting from resolution of the suits will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the District.

The District participates in various federal and state grant programs that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlement to these resources is generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal and state regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the District.

D. Retirement Plans

Florida Retirement System:

<u>General Information</u> - All of the District's employees (with the exception of temporary positions) participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the FRS provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan (Pension Plan) and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan). Under Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan (Investment Plan) alternative to the FRS Pension Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, district government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or from the Web site:<u>https://www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications/annual_reports</u>

Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6 percent of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire

before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0 percent of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular and Senior Management Service class. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost of living adjustment is three percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of three percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by three percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

<u>Contributions</u> – Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employee and employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017, and from July 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017, were:

	Employee	Employer	Employer
Job Class	October 2016	October 2016	July 2017
Job Class	through	through	through
	September 2017	June 2017 (1)	September 2017 (1)
Regular	3.00%	7.52%	7.92%
Senior Management Service	3.00%	21.77%	22.71%
Drop Participants	-	12.99%	13.26%

(1) The employer rates include the normal cost and unfunded actuarial liability contributions and include 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. The employer rates, other than for the DROP participants, also include 0.06 percent for administrative costs of the Investment Plan.

The District's contributions to the Pension Plan, excluding employee contributions, totaled \$2,026,784 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. Employee contributions collected by the District and remitted to the Pension Plan were \$894,005.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At September 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$23,922,153 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the

net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the contributions from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2017 relative to the contributions of all participating members for the same period. Beginning in July 1, 2014, in addition to contributions from employers, the required accrued contributions for the division (paid on behalf of the division's employees who administer the plans) were allocated to each employer on a proportional basis. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportionate share of the pension plan was 0.080874564 percent, which was a decrease of 0.000723108 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,861,287. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		-	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,195,478	\$	132,516
Change of assumptions		8,039,532		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Pension Plan investments		-		592,851
Changes in proportion and differences between District Pension Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		505,401
District Pension Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date		508,679		
Total	\$	10,743,689	\$	1,230,768

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, totaling \$508,679 resulting from District contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30:	Amount Recognized		
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 Thereafter	\$	1,380,976 1,380,976 1,380,976 1,380,976 1,380,975 2,099,363	
Total	\$	9,004,242	

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60%
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation
Cash flows	To determine the fiduciary's net position sufficient to make projected benefit payments the
	depletion date projection used the
	assumption that cash flows occur on average
	halfway through the year

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables. The active member mortality assumption was updated.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on an experience study completed in 2014 for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Annual	Compound Annual		
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard	
Asset Class	Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Return	Return	Deviation	
Cash	1%	3.0%	3.0%	1.8%	
Fixed Income	18%	4.5%	4.4%	4.2%	
Global Equity	53%	7.8%	6.6%	17.0%	
Real Estate	10%	6.6%	5.9%	12.8%	
Private Equity	6%	11.5%	7.8%	30.0%	
Strategic Investments	12%	6.1%	5.6%	9.7%	
Total	100%				
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.6%		1.9%	

⁽¹⁾ As outlined in the FRS Pension Plan's investment policy

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability decreased from 7.60 percent to 7.10 percent as of June 30, 2017. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is calculated using a full accrual basis of accounting and was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

The long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.10 percent consists of two building-block components: 1) a real (in excess of inflation) return of 4.50 percent, consistent with the currently articulated real return target in the current Florida State Board of Administration's investment policy, developed using capital market assumptions calculated by Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting; and 2) a long-term average annual inflation assumption of 2.60 percent as adopted in October 2017 by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. In the opinion of the FRS consulting actuary, Milliman, both components and the overall 7.10 percent return assumption were determined to be reasonable and appropriate per the Actuarial Standards of Practice. The 7.10 percent reported investment return assumption differs from the 7.50 percent investment return assumption chosen by the 2017 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference for funding policy purposes, as allowable under governmental accounting and reporting standards.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.10 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

				Current			
	1% Decrease		Di	Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	_	(6.10%)		(7.10%)		(8.10%)	
District's proportionate share of							
the net pension liability	\$	43,297,653	\$	23,922,153	\$	7,836,050	

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

HIS Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u> – The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the HIS contribution was 1.66 percent. The District contributed 100 percent of its statutorily-required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

The District's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$551,958 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At September 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$11,488,740 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016 with update procedures used to determine liabilities as of June 30, 2017. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the contributions from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2017 relative to the contributions of all participating members for the same period. Beginning in July 1, 2014, in addition to contributions from employers, the required accrued contributions for the division (paid on behalf of the division's employees who administer the plans) were allocated to each employer on a proportional basis. At June 30, 2017, the District's procent from its proportionate share was 0.1074471 percent, which was an increase of 0.001837495 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$779,754. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	23,921
Change of assumptions	1,614,922		993,443
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIS Plan investments	6,371		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District HIS Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-		384,630
District HIS Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 128,026		
Total	\$ 1,749,319	\$	1,401,994

The deferred outflows of resources related to the HIS Plan, totaling \$128,026 resulting from District contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30:	 Amount Recognized
2018	\$ 30,847
2019	30,847
2020	30,847
2021	30,847
2022	30,848
Thereafter	 65,063
Total	\$ 219,299

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60%
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
Municipal bond rate	3.58%

The municipal bond rate increased from 2.85 percent to 3.58 percent as of June 30, 2017.

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables. Because the HIS Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for that program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Program were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan.

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.58 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. The single equivalent rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. The discount rates used at the two dates differ due to changes in the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate used was updated from 2.85 percent to 3.58 percent as of June 30, 2017, reflecting the change in the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the</u> <u>Discount Rate</u> - The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.58 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.58 percent) or one percentage point higher (4.58 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.58%)	(3.58%)	(4.58%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 13,110,173	\$ 11,488,740	\$ 10,138,175

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Investment Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. District employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class and Senior Management Service class) as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

Allocations to the investment member's accounts as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on a percentage of gross compensation by class as follows:

	Employee	Employer	Employer
Jah Class	October 2016	October 2016	July 2017
Job Class	through	through	through
	September 2017	June 2017 ⁽¹⁾	September 2017 ⁽¹⁾
Regular	3.00%	7.52%	7.92%
Senior Management	3.00%	21.77%	22.71%
Service			

⁽¹⁾The employer rates include the normal cost and unfunded actuarial liability contributions and include 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. The employer rates also include 0.06 percent for administrative costs of the Investment Plan

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the District.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The District's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$90,175 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017.

Aggregate Financial Pension Disclosure

Below are the aggregate pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense for the period associated with net pension liabilities:

	Proportionate Share of Pension Liabilities	Pension Expense	Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources	Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources
FRS Pension Plan	\$ 23,922,153	\$ 3,861,287	\$ 10,743,689	\$ 1,230,768
HIS Plan	11,488,740	779,754	<u>1,749,319</u>	1,401,994
Total	\$ 35,410,893	\$ 4,641,041	\$ 12,493,008	\$ 2,632,762

E. Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

The District administers a single-employer healthcare plan that provides medical and dental benefits utilizing Florida Blue and Aetna, respectively, as well as a voluntary vision plan to eligible retired employees. Coverage is extended to qualifying dependents of retirees. If the retiree predeceases the spouse, coverage for the surviving spouse and qualifying dependents continues. A participant is eligible to receive benefits from the District's plan upon retirement under the Florida Retirement System plan provisions.

Employees enrolled in FRS prior to July 1, 2011.

Unreduced Retirement under FRS: Age 62 with 6 years of service, or any age with 30 years of service.

Early Retirement under FRS: Any age and 6 years of service.

Employees enrolled in FRS on or after July 1, 2011.

Unreduced Retirement under FRS: Age 65 with 8 years of service, or any age with 33 years of service.

Early Retirement under FRS: Any age and 8 years of service.

To be eligible for retiree medical and dental benefits, the participant must have been covered under the medical plan as an active employee immediately prior to retirement. Also, participants not eligible for retirement at the time of their termination are not eligible for immediate future benefits from the plan. In addition, the District provides a premium subsidy to reduce the cost of medical coverage for retirees until age 65 to participants who retired prior to December 31, 2012

and elected medical coverage. The subsidy consists of a reduction to the medical premium paid by retirees equal to \$5 per month for each year of service. A minimum of 6 years of service at retirement was necessary to qualify for the subsidy. The subsidy has a maximum amount payable of \$150 per month with no cost of living adjustments. The subsidy ceases at age 65 or Medicare enrollment, whichever is earlier. Retiree and spousal coverage is provided for the lifetime of the participant. However, the subsidy benefit is only payable until age 65, as the option of enrolling in Medicare is a much more attractive option at a lower cost. The District accounts for this plan in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB Statement No. 75). The Plan does not issue a separate financial report.

As of October 1, 2016, there were 33 retirees (inactive employees) and 534 active employees covered by the benefits terms.

Participants qualifying for retirement are eligible to elect to enter a deferred retirement option (DROP) feature of the FRS for a period of up to 60 months. For this valuation, medical claims incurred while a retiree is in the DROP are not considered a liability under GASB Statement No. 75.

The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the District's Governing Board. The District's employer OPEB contributions consist of an implicit rate subsidy and the cost of the premium subsidy. The District, in accordance with Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, makes the health and dental benefits available for retired employees at a premium cost of no more than applicable to active employees. However, the retirees pay 100 percent of their premium costs less the premium subsidy. To determine the healthcare plan costs, the District is required to commingle the claims experience of the retiree group with that of the active employees. The table listed below summarizes monthly retire contributions for the measurement period ending September 30, 2016.

Period	Plan	Retiree		Retiree +	Retiree +
				Spouse	Family
October – December 2015	Blue Options	\$	674.36	\$ 1,323.92	\$ 1,453.82
October – December 2015	Blue Choice	\$	740.38	\$ 1,460.82	\$ 1,604.92
January – September 2016	Blue Options	\$	705.10	\$ 1,381.98	\$ 1,523.00
January – September 2016	Blue Choice	\$	777.24	\$ 1,523.38	\$ 1,678.84

Upon Medicare eligibility retirees are offered the option of enrolling in the BCBS Blue Medicare PPO.

Date Relationships and Funded Status

The Valuation Date is October 1, 2016. This is the date as of which the actuarial valuation is performed. The Measurement Date is September 30, 2016. This is the date as of which the total OPEB liability is determined. The Reporting Date is September 30, 2017. This is the District's fiscal year ending date. There is a one-year lag between the measurement date and the reporting date, as allowed by GASB 75.

As of October 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the OPEB plan is funded on a payas-you-go basis with no accumulated net assets. The actuarial total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2016.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Net OPEB Obligation

The District elected to early adopt GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of GASB Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflow of resources, and expense/expenditures of OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This resulted in a \$4,816,285 prior period adjustment for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016, necessary to transition to GASB 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions".

Net OPEB Obligation / (asset) on September 30, 2016	\$ 1,102,945
Prior-period adjustment	 4,816,285
Total OPEB liability on October 1, 2016	\$ 5,919,230

Total OPEB Liability

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below. There have been no significant changes between the valuation date and the fiscal year end. Any significant changes during this period must be reflected as prescribed by GASB 75.

Total OPEB Liability	Reporting Date	9/30/2016	9/30/2017
	Measurement Date	9/30/2015	 9/30/2016
Total OPEB Liability	\$	5,919,230	\$ 6,455,651
Covered payroll	\$	32,285,688	\$ 33,515,421
Total OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll		18.33%	19.26%

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Amount Recognized		
		se (Decrease) OPEB Liability	
Balance as of September 30, 2016	\$	5,919,230	
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost		238,311	
Interest on total OPEB liability		220,653	
Effect of plan changes		-	
Effect of differences between expected and actual experience		-	
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		370,470	
Benefit payments		(293,013)	
Balance as of September 30, 2017	\$	6,455,651	

As of September 30, 2017, the District's OPEB expense for the reporting period are as follows:

OPEB Expense for Reporting Period		1, 2016 to er 30, 2017
Service Cost		238,311
Interest on total OPEB liability		220,653
Effect of plan changes		-
Recognition of Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources		
- differences between expected and actual experience		-
- changes to economic/demographic assumptions or inputs		48,063
OPEB Expense	\$	507,027
This table is required per CASP 75. In future years this table will show a com-	orioon of th	o ourropt

This table is required per GASB 75. In future years this table will show a comparison of the current and prior fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2017, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Inflo	ferred ows of ources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	- 322,407 715 284	\$	- -
Exployer Contributions subsequent to the Measurement Date Total	-	715,284 1,037,691	\$	-

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, totaling \$715,284 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the Measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of total OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense, amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the OPEB plan beginning in the current period. The amounts to be recognized in the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30:	Amount Recognized	_
2018	\$ 48,063	
2019	48,063	
2020	48,063	
2021	48,063	
2022	48,063	
Thereafter	82,092	
Total	\$ 322,407	_

As of January 01, 2017, the medical coverage under the Blue Choice option was eliminated. The elimination of Blue Choice coverage option has not been isolated. The estimated impact of the plan change is less than 1.0%.

Actuary valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend.

Discount Rate

The discount rate was based on the 20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield. The discount rate used for the September 30, 2015 measurement date was 3.670% and the discount rate used for September 30, 2016 measurement date was 3.058%.

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The provisions of the Plan were assumed to remain in place in future years. No improvements to post-retirement benefits in future years were assumed.

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2017 were based on decrements used in the most recent actuarial valuation of the Florida Retirement System under which District employees are covered. The FRS assumptions used were based on an experience study completed in 2014 for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013.

Valuation date	October 1, 2016	October 1, 2016				
Measurement date	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2016				
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%				
Salary increases including inflation	3.25%	3.25%				
Mortality	n 3.25% 3.25% RP-2000 Mortality for employees and healthy annuitants with generational projection per Scale AA. Employee mortality is projected to valuation year plus 15 years. Annuitant mortality is project to valuation year plus 7 years.					
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Entry Age Normal					

The trend assumptions for medical and pharmacy costs are summarized below:

	Percentage
<u>Year</u>	Trend
2016	5.20
2017	5.30
2018	5.20
2019	5.20
2020	5.40
2021	5.40
2022	5.50
2023	5.50
2024	5.50
2025	5.50
2026	5.50

The ultimate healthcare trend rate of 4.40 percent is reached for the first time in 2090. Trend is not applied to the premium subsidy.

Retiree (inactive employees) contributions assumption is that current and future retirees are assumed to pay a weighted average of the currently available medical plans for the year ending 2016 as shown below:

			R	etiree +	Retiree +				
	Retiree		Spouse		Family				
Annual Contribution	\$	8,697	\$	17,046	\$	17,046			

Upon Medicare eligibility, retirees are assumed to elect coverage under the District sponsored Medicare Advantage Plan.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 3.058%, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.058%) or one percentage point higher (4.058%) than the current rate.

Discount Rate Sensitivity									
	Current								
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1 % Increase						
	(2.058%)	(3.058%)	(4.058%)						
Total OPEB liability	\$ 7,065,239	\$ 6,455,651	\$ 5,598,192						

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current trend rates.

Health Trend Rate Sensitivity								
	Current							
	1%	Decrease	7	Frend Rate	1 % Increase			
Total OPEB liability	\$	5,741,645	\$	6,455,651	\$	7,299,232		

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Required Supplementary Information (unaudited)

Southwest Florida Water Management District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan Last Four Fiscal Years*

(unaudited)

		2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Southwest Florida Water Management District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.080874564%	0.081597672%	0.085221195%	0.085241884%
Southwest Florida Water Management District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	23,922,153	\$ 20,603,476	\$ 11,007,460	\$ 5,201,008
Southwest Florida Water Management District's covered payroll Southwest Florida Water Management District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	\$	27,809,625 86.02%	\$ 33,767,303 61.02%	\$ 33,220,502 33.13%	\$ 32,864,918 15.83%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	/	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 06/30.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan Last Four Fiscal Years*

(unaudited)

	2017		2016		2015		2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,026,784	\$	2,009,828	\$	2,156,423	\$	2,072,728
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution		(2,026,784)		(2,009,828)		(2,156,423)		(2,072,728)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Southwest Florida Water Management District's covered payroll	\$	26,953,224	\$	33,515,421	\$	33,285,688	\$	32,638,819
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.52%		6.00%		6.48%		6.35%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 09/30.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program Last Four Fiscal Years*

(unaudited)

	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Southwest Florida Water Management District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.107447100%	0.109284595%	0.109188576%	0.110038842%
Southwest Florida Water Management District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 11,488,740	\$ 12,736,667	\$ 11,135,517	\$ 10,288,900
Southwest Florida Water Management District's covered payroll Southwest Florida Water Management District's proportionate share	\$ 34,253,724	\$ 33,767,303	\$ 33,220,502	\$ 32,864,918
of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	33.54%	37.72%	33.52%	31.31%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 06/30.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program

Last Four Fiscal Years* (unaudited)

	2017		2016		2015		 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	551,958	\$	554,958	\$	454,612	\$ 398,549
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution		(551,958)		(554,958)		(454,612)	 (398,549)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$
Southwest Florida Water Management District's covered payroll	\$	33,255,767	\$	33,515,421	\$	33,285,688	\$ 32,638,819
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.66%		1.66%		1.37%	1.22%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 09/30.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (unaudited)

Reporting Date Measurement Date	September 30, 2017 September 30, 2016				
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$	238,311			
Interest on toal OPEB liability		220,653			
Changes of benefit terms		-			
Effect of economic/demographic gains or (losses)		-			
Effect of assuption changes or inputs		370,470			
Benefit payments		(293,013)			
Net change in total OPEB liability		536,421			
Total OPEB liability, beginning 10/1/16		5,919,230			
Total OPEB liability, ending 9/30/17		6,455,651			
Covered payroll 9/30/16	\$	33,515,421			
Total OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll		19.26%			

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the current GASB standards, they should not be reported. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Notes to Required Supplementary Information

for the Year Ended September 30, 2017 (unaudited)

Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan

Changes in assumptions - Amounts reported in 2017 reflect an adjustment to the discount rate used for the Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability decreased from 7.60 percent to 7.10 percent as of June 30, 2017. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees if future experience follows assumptions and the Actuarially Determined Contribution is contributed in full each year. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The 7.10 percent rate of return assumption used in the June 30, 2017, calculations was determined by the consulting actuary, Milliman, to be reasonable and appropriate per the Actarial Standard of Practice Number 27 (ASOP 27). For additional infromation regarding the depletion date projection, refer to the 2017 GASB 67 Supplement to the FRS Actarial Valuation available from Valuations on the Publications page of the Division of retiremnent's websited at www.frs.myflorida.com.

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables. The active member mortality assumption was updated.

Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan Contribution Rates

For information on the actuarial methods and assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 funding valuation, refer to the valuation report dated December 1, 2017 located on the Publications page of the Division of retiremnent's websited at www.frs.myflorida.com.

Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program

Changes in assumptions - Amounts reported in 2017 reflect an adjustment to the discount rate used for the Health Insurance Subsidy. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was increased from 2.85 percent to 3.58 percent as of June 30, 2017. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability under GASB 67 is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate. The single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the plan sponsor. The discount rates used in 2017 and 2016 differ due to the changes in the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate reflects the change in the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index.

Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program Contribution Rates

The HIS essentially uses a "pay-as-you-go" funding structure. As of the June 30, 2017, accumulated HIS assets constituted approximately five moths of projected benefit payments. The ability of the current statutory contribution rate to pay full HIS benefits is very sensitive to near-term demograpic experience, particularly the volume and timing of retirements and the amount of payroll on which the statutory rate is charged.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended September 30, 2017 (unaudited) (continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Actuarial Valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. The OPEB plan is funded on a pay as you go basis; there are no assets accumulated in a trust to pay related benefits. Liability for retiree dental and vision benefits are reflected as 0 in the valuation. The estimated impact of including dental and vision benefits is less than 1.0%. As of January 01, 2017, the medical coverage under the Blue Choice option was eliminated. The elimination of Blue Choice coverage option has not been isolated. The estimated impact of the plan change is less than 1.0% Retiree and covered dependent medical liability after age 65 has been reflected as 0 in the valuation. Participants are assumed to enter the group rated Medicare Advantage Plan and pay 100% of the group rated premium. The discount rate decreased by 0.612% from the rate 3.670% as of 09/30/15 to 3.058% as of 9/30/16.

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Southwest Florida Water Management District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Florida Forever Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	_	Actual Amounts	<u> </u>	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	15,542,075	\$	5,778,327	\$	(9,763,748)
Interest on Invested Funds	_	-		69,383	_	69,383
Total Revenues	-	15,542,075		5,847,710	-	(9,694,365)
EXPENDITURES						
Current: Land Acquisition, Restoration and Public Works		15,542,075		5,874,164		9,667,911
Total Expenditures	-	15,542,075		5,874,164	-	9,667,911
Deficiency of Revenues	-	10,042,010		0,014,104	-	3,007,011
Under Expenditures		-		(26,454)		(26,454)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	_	4,163,877	_	4,163,877
Total Other Financing Sources	_	-		4,163,877	_	4,163,877
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		4,137,423		4,137,423
Fund Balance - Beginning	_	-		5,711,828	_	5,711,828
Fund Balance - Ending	\$_	-	\$	9,849,251	\$_	9,849,251

Southwest Florida Water Management District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	-	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	_	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES					
Ad Valorem Property Taxes	\$	1,310,103	\$	1,310,103	\$ -
Total Revenues	-	1,310,103	_	1,310,103	-
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Land Acquisition, Restoration and Public Works		1,068,439		164,797	903,642
Operation and Maintenance of Works and Lands		610,000		374,520	235,480
Total Expenditures	_	1,678,439		539,317	1,139,122
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	-		_		
Over (Under) Expenditures		(368,336)		770,786	1,139,122
Fund Balance - Beginning		368,336		4,893,599	4,525,263
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	5,664,385	\$ 5,664,385



Statistical Section (unaudited)

The statistical section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is the chief source of information regarding the District's economic condition. All of the information presented in this section is organized around five specific objectives:

- *Financial Trend* schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand and assess how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.
- *Revenue Capacity* schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.
- *Debt Capacity* schedule contains information to help the reader understand and assess the District's debt burden and its ability to issue additional debt.
- *Operating Information* schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.
- *Demographic and Economic* schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Net Position by Component For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

	Fiscal Year											
	2017	2016	2015 (Restated)**	2014 (Restated)*	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008		
Governmental activities Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Partnership Agreement Restricted for Watershed Basins	\$ 839,115,561 - 49,377,736	\$ 840,273,629 - 64,437,412	\$ 844,106,551 - 76,996,964	\$ 833,973,713 - 117,325,873	\$ 862,299,507 - 168,721,598	\$ 873,503,349 - 226,419,010	\$ 857,375,759 - 285,544,515	\$ 851,883,344 	\$ 811,448,233 21,250,000) -	\$ 779,451,560 63,750,000		
Restricted for Land Acquisition Unrestricted	4,656,996 334,030,354	885,918 316,517,268	308,593 309,018,322	282,593 311,615,149	282,593 305,453,821	265,900 292,083,075	272,588,267	277,256,081	557,839,262	518,141,689		
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 1,227,180,647	\$1,222,114,227	\$ 1,230,430,430	\$ 1,263,197,328	\$ 1,336,757,519	\$ 1,392,271,334	\$ 1,415,508,541	\$ 1,416,616,361	\$ 1,390,537,495	\$ 1,361,343,249		

* GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pensions Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, were implemented in fiscal year 2015 with fiscal year 2014 net position being restated.

** GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, was implemented in 2016 with fiscal year 2015 classification of assets being restated within net position.

(1) Amounts for fiscal year 2010 have been restated to reflect the District's adoption of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, effective October 1, 2010.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Changes in Net Position For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
	2017	2016	2015	2014*	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
Water Resource Planning and Monitoring	\$ 24,177,514	\$ 25,432,848	\$ 24,231,338	\$ 24,781,457	\$ 26,091,663	\$ 28,879,406	\$ 38,393,264	\$ 40,726,648	\$ 40,493,992	\$ 38,470,066
Land Acquisition, Restoration and Public Works	48,604,475	55,411,144	81,105,056	84,313,964	89,628,606	75,567,095	85,730,762	114,411,606	150,186,371	138,016,223
Operation and Maintenance of Works and Lands	16,857,187	17,280,760	16,399,449	18,095,218	16,942,966	16,439,958	17,287,730	17,143,156	19,777,540	21,623,536
Regulation	17,696,824	17,881,691	17,865,629	17,967,157	15,793,721	14,872,887	17,068,249	18,247,275	19,363,964	19,281,444
Outreach	1,822,396	1,805,808	1,734,614	1,788,953	3,201,426	3,885,569	5,693,533	6,331,730	6,249,764	5,290,433
Management and Administration	11,477,113	12,059,669	15,566,025	23,104,354	26,897,280	31,552,308	35,990,413	33,853,860	34,326,722	33,544,462
Total governmental activities expenses	120,635,509	129,871,920	156,902,111	170,051,103	178,555,662	171,197,223	200,163,951	230,714,275	270,398,353	256,226,164
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water Resource Planning and Monitoring	35	561	81	802	976	217,587	188,119	377,909	628,276	403,339
Land Acquisition, Restoration and Public Works	1,594,803	1,858,419	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operation and Maintenance of Works and Lands	1,387,289	1,236,976	1,208,416	922,462	1,029,695	842,426	842,415	964,108	775,388	1,246,038
Regulation	1,539,531	1,630,106	1,418,539	1,261,166	1,856,607	1,641,624	1,862,728	1,865,778	1,672,672	2,289,411
Management and Administration	10,690	10,360	15,479	18,907	32,960	49,687	783,826	913,966	966,484	1,085,229
Operating grants and contributions	7,078,459	3,844,120	9,210,329	8,037,156	15,957,283	32,271,976	23,181,021	22,570,976	46,665,491	55,273,724
Capital grants and contributions	8,221,450	38,025	2,668,152	6,903,513	98,625	1,419,281	3,009,100	30,604,190	11,827,554	62,873,713
Total governmental activities program revenues	19,832,257	8,618,567	14,520,996	17,144,006	18,976,146	36,442,581	29,867,209	57,296,927	62,535,865	123,171,454
Net (expense) revenue	(100,803,252)	(121,253,353)	(142,381,115)	(152,907,097)	(159,579,516)	(134,754,642)	(170,296,742)	(173,417,348)	(207,862,488)	(133,054,710) (1)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Ad Valorem Property Taxes	106,799,746	104,865,699	103,031,684	101,630,987	100,463,104	104,722,421	161,850,765	189,205,683	216,708,977	238,923,620
Unrestricted investment earnings	3,095,242	4,726,663	4,691,530	1,684,031	2,333,735	5,197,926	6,515,579	8,199,031	13,220,367	17,906,722
Gain on sale of capital assets	464,675	-	348,325	206,258	138,990	316,321	-	-	-	-
Other	326,294	3,344,788	1,542,678	107,347	1,129,872	1,280,767	822,578	2,091,500	7,127,390	3,252,835
Total governmental activities general revenues	110,685,957	112,937,150	109,614,217	103,628,623	104,065,701	111,517,435	169,188,922	199,496,214	237,056,734	260,083,177
Change in Net Position	\$ 9,882,705	\$ (8,316,203)	\$ (32,766,898)	\$ (49,278,474)	\$ (55,513,815)	\$ (23,237,207)	\$ (1,107,820)	\$ 26,078,866	\$ 29,194,246	\$ 127,028,467 (1)

* GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pensions Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, were implemented in fiscal year 2015 with fiscal year 2014 being restated.

(1) Amounts for fiscal year 2008 have been restated to reflect the District's adoption of GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets, effective October 1, 2008.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Fund Balances, Governmental Funds For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

		Fiscal Year									
		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
	General Fund:										
	Nonspendable	\$ 470,681	\$ 38,535	\$ 46,608	\$ 50,113	\$ 59,042	\$ 40,128	\$ 40,754	\$-	\$-	\$-
	Restricted	49,377,736	64,437,412	76,996,964	117,325,873	169,364,063	230,161,294	300,042,655	-	-	-
	Committed	105,419,328	95,727,884	85,791,884	73,596,312	73,976,535	69,429,780	50,000,000	-	-	-
	Assigned	230,001,122	215,881,378	218,703,879	218,230,649	207,660,056	182,313,883	184,375,566	-	-	-
	Unassigned	21,722,283	24,254,230	22,619,335	23,469,974	19,404,270	36,219,868	40,647,870	-	-	-
	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	- (1)	78,663,591	78,300,061	64,741,708
	Unreserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	- (1)	202,265,130	198,765,787	200,060,299
	Total General Fund	406,991,150	400,339,439	404,158,670	432,672,921	470,463,966	518,164,953	575,106,845	280,928,721	277,065,848	264,802,007
	All Other Governmental Funds										
	Restricted	4,656,996	885,918	308,593	282,593	282,593	265,900	-	-	-	-
~1	Committed	4,900,593	4,549,167	4,549,167	4,552,855	4,608,293	4,601,071	-	-	-	-
71	Assigned										
	Capital projects funds	5,956,047	5,170,342	5,078,466	5,327,122	5,351,476	5,392,595	4,464,113	-	-	-
	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	- (1)	219,967,926	278,430,186	288,253,902
	Unreserved:										
	Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	- (1)	89,360,956	51,036,573	63,517,629
	Capital projects funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	- (1)	161,264	(1,201,216)	(6,676,326)
	Total All Other Governmental Funds	15,513,636	10,605,427	9,936,226	10,162,570	10,242,362	10,259,566	4,464,113	309,490,146	328,265,543	345,095,205
	Total Fund Balances	\$422,504,786	\$410,944,866	\$414,094,896	\$442,835,491	\$480,706,328	\$528,424,519	\$579,570,958	\$590,418,867	\$605,331,391	\$ 609,897,212

(1) Fund balance classifications changed in fiscal year 2011 with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, discontinuing the use of reserved and unreserved fund balances.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (1) For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

	Fiscal Year										
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	
REVENUES	¢ 400 000 000	* 404 040 450	¢ 400 400 500	A 404 740 FFF	¢ 400 000 000	* 404 000 040	\$ 404 7 04 040	* 400 444 040	* 040 004 045	¢	
Ad Valorem Property Taxes	\$ 106,826,289	\$ 104,913,453	\$ 103,109,563	\$ 101,719,555	\$ 100,906,682	\$ 104,686,640	\$ 161,721,818	\$ 189,111,242	\$ 216,624,815	\$ 238,836,876	
Intergovernmental Revenues	13,620,275	6,236,199	12,371,605	8,529,281	16,535,307	34,418,211	26,781,435	53,735,973	59,251,973	118,983,767	
Interest on Invested Funds	3,095,242	4,726,663	4,691,530	1,684,031	2,333,735	5,197,926	6,515,579	8,199,031	13,220,367	17,906,722	
License and Permit Fees	1,529,854	1,601,742	1,408,269	1,261,166	1,856,608	1,641,623	1,862,728	1,865,778	1,672,672	2,289,611	
Other	1,265,699	3,215,700	1,273,921	562,793	1,622,360	1,571,454	2,652,672	2,193,925	2,207,137	2,666,641	
Total Revenues	126,337,359	120,693,757	122,854,888	113,756,826	123,254,692	147,515,854	199,534,232	255,105,949	292,976,964	380,683,617	
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Water Resource Planning and Monitoring	24,186,941	26,327,263	25,491,396	26,331,532	26,846,452	30,651,290	38,412,310	40,688,508	40,466,587	37,882,697	
Land Acquisition, Restoration and Public Works	51,321,025	53,010,382	79,071,775	81,407,622	95,795,322	110,969,655	92,769,162	145,008,737	170,942,985	213,073,582	
Operation and Maintenance of Works and Lands	15,307,352	14,988,424	16,008,895	14,342,811	15,450,118	15,363,015	15,558,263	19,841,405	19,678,843	19,600,288	
Regulation	16,713,860	17,438,409	17,352,740	18,232,776	17,979,240	16,781,607	17,425,804	18,801,634	19,268,672	19,080,448	
Outreach	1,776,414	1.771.379	1,743,887	1,853,799	3.247.319	3,909,820	5,732,562	6,327,680	6,236,445	5.267.523	
Management and Administration	10,628,370	11,741,135	12,395,777	11,447,107	11,803,103	26,044,043	39,571,878	38,633,509	43,137,402	40,909,119	
Debt Service / Capital Leases (2)	-,,	, ,	,,	, , -	,,	-,- ,		,,	-, - , -	-,, -	
Principal	94,463	82,138	22,761	-	-	-	871,253	671,821	697,536	686,831	
V Interest	24,631	26,936	5,668	-	-	-	40,909	45,179	19,464	-	
Other	,		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	
Total Expenditures	120,053,056	125,386,066	152,092,899	153,615,647	171,121,554	203,719,430	210,382,141	270,018,473	300,447,934	336,500,738	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	120,000,000	120,000,000	.02,002,000			200,110,100	210,002,111	210,010,110			
Over (Under) Expenditures	6,284,303	(4,692,309)	(29,238,011)	(39,858,821)	(47,866,862)	(56,203,576)	(10,847,909)	(14,912,524)	(7,470,970)	44,182,879	
	0,201,000	(1,002,000)	(20,200,011)	(00,000,021)	(11,000,002)	(00,200,010)	(10,011,000)	(11,012,021)	(1,410,010)	11,102,010	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-	-	300,042,655	913,423	40,908,961	3,773,441	
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-	-	-	(300,042,655)	(913,423)	(40,908,961)	(3,773,441)	
Sale of Capital Assets	5,275,617	1,292,602	244,191	1,987,984	148,671	5,057,137	-	-	1,957,405	636,871	
Issuance of Capital Lease Debt		249,677	253,225		-	-	-	-	947,744	1,995,697	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	5,275,617	1,542,279	497,416	1,987,984	148,671	5,057,137	-	-	2,905,149	2,632,568	
Net Change In Fund Balances	11,559,920	(3,150,030)	(28,740,595)	(37,870,837)	(47,718,191)	(51,146,439)	(10,847,909)	(14,912,524)	(4,565,821)	46,815,447	
Fund Balances - Beginning	410,944,866	414,094,896	442,835,491	480,706,328	528,424,519	579,570,958	590,418,867	605,331,391	609,897,212	563,081,765	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 422,504,786	\$ 410,944,866	\$ 414,094,896	\$ 442,835,491	\$ 480,706,328	\$ 528,424,519	\$ 579,570,958	\$ 590,418,867	\$ 605,331,391	\$ 609,897,212	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures (2)	0.11%	0.09%	0.02%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.47%	0.33%	0.27%	0.28%	

(1) This schedule shows the combined General Government Expenditures, including the General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds.

(2) The District satisfied its capital lease debt as of September 30, 2011. Capital lease debt began again in 2015.

See accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

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Southwest Florida Water Management District General Government Expenditures by Program (1) For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Plar	r Resource nning and nitoring	Res	Land Acquisition, Restoration and Public Works		peration and intenance of ks and Lands	e of		gulation Outreach		Management and Administration		E	Total xpenditures
2017	\$	24,195,252 20.15%	\$	51,323,399 42.75%	\$	15,315,069 12.77%	\$	16,726,920 13.93%	\$	1,778,194 1.48%	\$	10,714,222 8.92%	\$	120,053,056 100.00%
2016		26,327,263 21.00%		53,010,382 42.28%		14,988,424 11.95%		17,438,409 13.91%		1,771,379 1.41%		11,850,209 9.45%		125,386,066 100.00%
2015		25,491,396 16.76%		79,071,775 51.98%		16,008,895 10.53%		17,352,740 11.41%		1,743,887 1.15%		12,424,206 8.17%		152,092,899 100.00%
2014		26,331,532 17.14%		81,407,622 52.99%		14,342,811 9.34%		18,232,776 11.87%		1,853,799 1.21%		11,447,107 7.45%		153,615,647 100.00%
2013		26,846,452 15.69%		95,795,322 55.97%		15,450,118 9.03%		17,979,240 10.51%		3,247,319 1.90%		11,803,103 6.90%		171,121,554 100.00%
2012		30,651,290 15.05%		110,969,655 54.47%		15,363,015 7.54%		16,781,607 8.24%		3,909,820 1.92%		26,044,043 12.78%		203,719,430 100.00%
2011		38,412,310 18.26%		92,769,162 44.10%		15,558,263 7.40%		17,425,804 8.28%		5,732,562 2.72%		40,484,040 19.24%		210,382,141 100.00%
2010		40,688,508 15.07%		145,008,737 53.71%		19,841,405 7.35%		18,801,634 6.96%		6,327,680 2.34%		39,350,509 14.57%		270,018,473 100.00%
2009		40,466,587 13.47%		170,942,985 56.89%		19,678,843 6.55%		19,268,672 6.41%		6,236,445 2.08%		43,854,402 14.60%		300,447,934 100.00%
2008		37,882,697 11.26%		213,073,582 63.32%		19,600,288 5.82%		19,080,448 5.67%		5,267,523 1.57%		41,596,200 12.36%		336,500,738 100.00%

(1) This schedule shows the combined General Government Expenditures, including the General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds.

Southwest Florida Water Management District General Government Revenues by Source (1) For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

Fiscal Year			Inter- Governmental s Revenues		Interest on Invested Funds		License and Permit Fees		Other Revenues		 Total Revenues
2017	\$	106,826,289 84.56%	\$	13,620,275 10.78%	\$	3,095,242 2.45%	\$	1,529,854 1.21%	\$	1,265,699 1.00%	\$ 126,337,359 100.00%
2016		104,913,453 86.92%		6,236,199 5.17%		4,726,663 3.92%		1,601,742 1.33%		3,215,700 2.66%	120,693,757 100.00%
2015		103,109,563 83.92%		12,371,605 10.07%		4,691,530 3.82%		1,408,269 1.15%		1,273,921 1.04%	122,854,888 100.00%
2014		101,719,555 89.42%		8,529,281 7.50%		1,684,031 1.48%		1,261,166 1.11%		562,793 0.49%	113,756,826 100.00%
2013		100,906,682 81.86%		16,535,307 13.42%		2,333,735 1.89%		1,856,608 1.51%		1,622,360 1.32%	123,254,692 100.00%
2012		104,686,640 70.97%		34,418,211 23.33%		5,197,926 3.52%		1,641,623 1.11%		1,571,454 1.07%	147,515,854 100.00%
2011		161,721,818 81.05%		26,781,435 13.42%		6,515,579 3.27%		1,862,728 0.93%		2,652,672 1.33%	199,534,232 100.00%
2010		189,111,242 74.14%		53,735,973 21.06%		8,199,031 3.21%		1,865,778 0.73%		2,193,925 0.86%	255,105,949 100.00%
2009		216,624,815 73.94%		59,251,973 20.22%		13,220,367 4.51%		1,672,672 0.57%		2,207,137 0.76%	292,976,964 100.00%
2008		238,836,876 62.74%		118,983,767 31.26%		17,906,722 4.70%		2,289,611 0.60%		2,666,641 0.70%	380,683,617 100.00%

(1) This schedule includes General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Ad Valorem Property Tax Revenues by Source (1) For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

Fiscal Year	General Fund	Alafia River Basin	Hillsborough River Basin (2)	Northwest Hillsborough Basin (2)	Coastal Rivers Basin	Pinellas- Anclote River Basin	Withlacoochee River Basin	Peace River Basin	Manasota Basin	Capital Projects	Total	Percent Base Year	Annual Change in Percent
2017	\$ 105,516,186	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 1,310,103	\$ 106,826,289	44.7 %	0.8 %
2016	104,305,103	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	608,350	104,913,453	43.9	0.7
2015	103,109,563	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	103,109,563	43.2	0.6
2014	101,719,555	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	101,719,555	42.6	0.4
2013	100,906,682	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	100,906,682	42.2	(1.6)
2012 (3)	103,686,640	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,000,000	104,686,640	43.8	(23.9)
2011	103,214,335	\$ 3,923,939	\$ 13,194,097	N/A	\$ 3,692,841	\$ 15,887,378	\$ 4,264,102	\$ 6,435,698	\$ 9,609,428	1,500,000	161,721,818	67.7	(11.5)
2010	119,228,507	4,401,132	15,649,847	N/A	4,088,182	21,635,385	4,625,138	7,444,942	10,788,109	1,250,000	189,111,242	79.2	(11.5)
2009	134,486,978	4,821,088	13,004,137	\$ 5,376,574	4,553,491	27,497,327	4,925,509	8,525,216	12,184,495	1,250,000	216,624,815	90.7	(9.3)
2008	147,940,801	5,526,420	12,611,129	6,665,194	5,086,354	30,934,560	5,411,367	9,350,470	13,910,581	1,400,000	238,836,876	100.0	0.0

(1) This schedule includes General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds.

(2) The Hillsborough River Basin and the Northwest Hillsborough Basin were merged effective January 1, 2009.

(3) Effective May 31, 2011, the District's Governing Board revoked all prior Basin boundary designations and merged all Basin boundaries into the boundary of the District; therefore, the District General Fund was the only taxing authority for fiscal years 2012 and later.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Ad Valorem Property Tax Revenues by County(1) For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

Fiscal	Charlotte	Citrus	DeSoto	Hardee	Hernando	Highlands	Hillsborough	Lake	Levy
Year	County	County	County	County	County	County	County	County	County
2017	\$ 4,494,413	\$2,663,083	\$ 463,320	\$ 499,114	\$ 2,484,776	\$ 1,275,889	\$ 25,521,890	\$ 21,494	\$ 265,563
	4.21%	2.49%	0.43%	0.47%	2.33%	1.19%	23.89%	0.02%	0.25%
2016	4,376,198	2,726,279	479,024	522,943	2,557,584	1,299,804	24,889,171	22,040	268,731
	4.17%	2.60%	0.46%	0.50%	2.44%	1.24%	23.71%	0.02%	0.26%
2015	4,399,265	2,789,197	501,914	516,935	2,611,476	1,349,554	24,281,453	25,480	275,246
	4.27%	2.71%	0.49%	0.50%	2.53%	1.31%	23.55%	0.02%	0.27%
2014	4,398,449	3,099,107	517,209	560,777	2,731,630	1,400,290	23,685,450	25,370	285,451
	4.32%	3.05%	0.51%	0.55%	2.69%	1.38%	23.28%	0.02%	0.28%
2013	4,439,833	3,064,224	535,737	586,380	2,856,043	1,486,962	23,018,798	25,856	305,034
	4.40%	3.04%	0.53%	0.58%	2.83%	1.47%	22.80%	0.03%	0.30%
2012	4,738,013	3,538,541	551,236	575,607	2,899,571	1,555,751	23,977,333	28,068	346,074
	4.53%	3.38%	0.53%	0.55%	2.77%	1.49%	22.88%	0.03%	0.33%
2011	7,192,259	5,422,966	813,212	854,038	4,489,683	2,333,287	37,622,850	29,498	586,870
	4.45%	3.35%	0.50%	0.53%	2.78%	1.44%	23.26%	0.02%	0.36%
2010	8,601,056	5,764,046	936,532	913,609	5,332,460	2,768,332	43,663,858	30,416	626,488
	4.55%	3.05%	0.50%	0.48%	2.82%	1.46%	23.09%	0.02%	0.33%
2009	10,131,134	6,192,558	965,835	899,843	5,848,996	2,947,649	50,526,245	31,110	717,125
	4.68%	2.86%	0.45%	0.42%	2.70%	1.36%	23.32%	0.01%	0.33%
2008	12,740,821	7,166,628	1,018,393	988,590	6,370,297	3,309,726	53,172,802	31,752	751,259
	5.33%	3.00%	0.43%	0.41%	2.67%	1.39%	22.26%	0.01%	0.31%

(1) This schedule includes General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds.

Source: District records - Finance Bureau.

See accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Ad Valorem Property Tax Revenues by County(1) For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

(unaudited) (continued)

(continued)

Fiscal	Manatee	Marion	Pasco	Pinellas	Polk	Sarasota	Sumter	Total	
Year	County	County	County	County	County	County	County		
2017	\$ 9,801,307	\$ 1,705,869	\$ 7,360,871	\$ 21,936,862	\$ 8,733,467	\$ 16,240,213	\$ 3,358,158	\$ 106,826,289	
	9.17%	1.60%	6.89%	20.54%	8.18%	15.20%	3.14%	100.00%	
2016	9,543,536	1,697,734	7,251,245	21,506,782	8,648,019	15,805,700	3,318,663	104,913,453	
	9.10%	1.62%	6.91%	20.50%	8.24%	15.07%	3.16%	100.00%	
2015	9,199,208	1,716,687	7,205,123	21,121,428	8,558,823	15,396,243	3,161,531	103,109,563	
	8.92%	1.66%	6.99%	20.48%	8.30%	14.93%	3.07%	100.00%	
2014	8,933,153	1,748,697	7,177,123	20,749,595	8,505,587	15,049,552	2,852,115	101,719,555	
	8.78%	1.72%	7.06%	20.40%	8.36%	14.80%	2.80%	100.00%	
2013	8,846,636	1,775,453	7,322,772	20,671,314	8,418,238	14,893,474	2,659,928	100,906,682	
	8.77%	1.76%	7.26%	20.49%	8.34%	14.76%	2.64%	100.00%	
2012	9,045,647	1,964,342	7,728,312	21,257,754	8,903,633	15,061,380	2,515,378	104,686,640	
	8.64%	1.88%	7.38%	20.31%	8.51%	14.39%	2.40%	100.00%	
2011	12,593,267	3,372,630	12,011,482	36,072,441	13,236,667	21,436,389	3,654,279	161,721,818	
	7.79%	2.09%	7.43%	22.30%	8.18%	13.26%	2.26%	100.00%	
2010	14,809,981	3,953,855	14,101,687	44,266,162	15,583,799	24,086,237	3,672,724	189,111,242	
	7.83%	2.09%	7.46%	23.41%	8.24%	12.73%	1.94%	100.00%	
2009	16,369,036	4,409,534	16,381,859	52,853,363	17,291,246	27,585,247	3,474,035	216,624,815	
	7.56%	2.04%	7.56%	24.40%	7.98%	12.73%	1.60%	100.00%	
2008	17,765,391	4,877,757	18,381,150	58,568,414	17,854,305	32,375,418	3,464,173	238,836,876	
	7.44%	2.04%	7.70%	24.52%	7.48%	13.56%	1.45%	100.00%	

(1) This schedule includes General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds.

Source: District records - Finance Bureau.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Ad Valorem Property Tax Levies, Tax Collections and Assessed Valuations For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Assessed Valuation (1)	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Tax Collection to Tax Levy	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collection to Tax Levy
2017	\$ 332,737,468,699	\$ 110,369,017	\$ 106,405,854	96.41 %	\$ 420,435	\$ 106,826,289	96.79 %
2016	310,698,838,982	108,371,754	104,478,438	96.41	435,015	104,913,453	96.81
2015	291,190,079,928	106,517,331	102,706,790	96.42	402,773	103,109,563	96.80
2014	276,826,961,838	105,692,534	101,046,156	95.60	673,399	101,719,555	96.24
2013	266,456,598,757	104,664,153	100,265,203	95.80	641,479	100,906,682	96.41
2012	274,339,074,461	107,760,388	103,383,339	95.94	1,303,301	104,686,640	97.15
2011	287,863,529,751	167,583,548	160,425,813	95.73	1,296,005	161,721,818	96.50
2010	322,613,718,625	195,782,309	187,919,296	95.98	1,191,946	189,111,242	96.59
2009	364,790,289,103	225,150,454	215,394,447	95.67	1,230,368	216,624,815	96.21
2008	400,166,690,276	247,424,227	237,744,556	96.09	1,092,320	238,836,876	96.53

(1) Valuations are as of January 1 on the calendar year preceding the applicable District fiscal year.

Sources: District records - Finance Bureau, Budget Section; State of Florida, Department of Revenue; County Governments.

	Charlotte	e County	Citrus	County	DeSoto	County	Hardee County			
Fiscal Year	Taxable Assessed Value (2)	Estimated Just Value (3)	Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Estimated Just Value (3)	Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Estimated Just Value (3)	Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Estimated Just Value (3)		
2017	\$ 13,975,021,267 4.20%	\$ 20,118,099,624	\$ 8,295,995,306 2.49%	\$ 11,062,230,447	\$ 1,421,376,969 0.43%	\$ 2,842,926,509	\$ 1,536,340,746 0.46%	\$ 2,453,155,173		
2016	13,094,055,757 4.21%	18,380,046,623	8,141,277,447 2.62%	10,467,365,984	1,376,749,230 0.44%	2,794,206,683	1,545,475,660 0.50%	2,424,527,126		
2015	12,447,569,866 4.27%	17,152,302,768	7,893,519,372 2.71%	10,310,375,084	1,371,423,824 0.47%	2,761,442,878	1,454,748,937 0.50%	2,307,430,304		
2014	11,915,060,252 4.30%	15,817,517,470	10,177,235,077 3.68%	10,370,361,138	1,358,399,626 0.49%	2,737,769,467	1,498,817,937 0.54%	2,317,075,360		
2013	11,721,083,416 4.40%	15,113,914,001	8,977,977,542 3.37%	10,591,756,106	1,371,139,288 0.51%	2,738,089,973	1,527,328,126 0.57%	2,318,038,347		
2012	12,433,871,062 4.53%	15,775,252,608	9,336,411,252 3.40%	11,073,753,128	1,424,521,662 0.52%	2,820,729,089	1,508,413,982 0.55%	2,328,351,267		
2011	13,386,137,357 4.65%	16,959,927,343	9,614,305,893 3.34%	11,929,442,840	1,440,295,660 0.50%	2,917,612,542	1,548,820,619 0.54%	2,499,618,714		
2010	15,605,343,917 4.84%	20,165,561,587	10,074,921,377 3.12%	13,124,823,904	1,627,233,852 0.50%	3,534,008,206	1,648,825,033 0.51%	2,799,183,882		
2009	18,744,588,641 5.14%	24,134,964,729	10,949,871,541 3.00%	14,592,430,322	1,782,603,163 0.49%	3,814,458,104	1,621,242,093 0.44%	3,597,898,593		
2008	23,468,464,057 5.86%	30,281,403,475	12,388,874,371 3.10%	15,861,126,819	1,859,310,230 0.46%	3,837,360,015	1,775,558,774 0.44%	3,533,587,394		

(1) Taxable Assessed Value is calculated at 100 percent of market value less exempt and immune values and are as of January 1 on the calendar year preceding the applicable District fiscal year.

(2) Taxable Assessed Value is calculated at 100 percent of market value less exempt and immune values, represents only those portions of counties within District boundaries and are as of January 1 on the calendar year preceding the applicable District fiscal year.

(3) The Estimated Just Value represents the estimated total value of taxable property within the 16-county area encompassed by the District, and is updated based on the <u>Department of Revenue Real Property Just Value and Growth Rate</u> table as of January 1 on the calendar year preceding the applicable District fiscal year.

Sources: District records - Finance Bureau, Budget Section; Florida Statistical Abstract, State of Florida, Department of Revenue.

See accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

(continued)

	Hernand	o County	Highland	s County	Hillsborou	igh County	Lake County			
Fiscal Year	Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Estimated Just Value (3)	Taxable Assessed Value (2)	Estimated Just Value (3)	Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Estimated Just Value (3)	Taxable Assessed Value (2)	Estimated Just Value (3)		
2017	\$ 7,751,031,009 2.33%	\$ 11,204,074,858	\$ 3,959,066,082 1.19%	\$ 6,600,205,822	\$ 79,604,960,746 23.94%	\$ 109,303,928,935	\$ 75,656,383 0.02%	\$ 23,433,911,362		
2016	7,558,410,640 2.43%	10,788,322,558	3,825,336,750 1.23%	6,165,132,955	73,914,983,814 23.80%	99,532,728,290	72,215,578 0.02%	21,921,683,305		
2015	7,270,531,735 2.50%	10,337,411,303	3,774,772,032 1.30%	6,061,467,078	68,645,393,560 23.56%	91,081,152,547	69,868,889 0.02%	20,529,670,110		
2014	7,164,529,714 2.59%	9,971,034,670	3,781,492,104 1.37%	6,045,740,002	64,099,889,092 23.16%	83,705,327,661	67,521,327 0.02%	19,331,115,179		
2013	7,323,902,726 2.75%	9,936,963,891	3,860,234,259 1.45%	6,167,846,381	60,812,026,614 22.82%	77,317,991,363	67,842,756 0.04%	19,108,024,743		
2012	7,721,977,752 2.81%	10,579,974,346	4,048,756,058 1.48%	6,545,545,717	62,336,980,209 22.72%	79,628,695,108	71,781,864 0.03%	20,285,676,118		
2011	8,393,836,609 2.92%	11,552,641,759	4,235,779,178 1.47%	6,874,145,162	65,116,419,986 22.61%	84,058,854,773	80,021,070 0.03%	22,161,571,162		
2010	9,488,123,875 2.94%	13,471,360,637	4,936,206,579 1.53%	8,239,938,540	73,415,622,752 22.76%	96,774,421,040	81,481,877 0.03%	24,975,567,952		
2009 (4	l) 10,387,499,612 2.85%	15,814,704,391	5,389,133,838 1.48%	9,254,973,711	83,938,830,501 23.01%	116,254,203,161	84,370,714 0.02%	27,928,949,304		
2008	11,357,529,621 2.84%	16,512,802,416	5,931,994,995 1.48%	9,629,781,192	88,033,093,322 22.02%	120,823,337,789	86,675,044 0.02%	27,890,683,868		

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Sources: District records - Finance Bureau, Budget Section; Florida Statistical Abstract, State of Florida, Department of Revenue.

See accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

(continued)

	Levy County			Manatee County				Marion County					Pasco County			
Fiscal Year	Taxable Assessed Value (2)	d		Estimated Just Value (3)		Taxable Assessed Value (1)		Estimated Just Value (3)		Taxable Assessed Value (2)		Estimated Just Value (3)		Taxable Assessed Value (1)		Estimated Just Value (3)
2017	\$ 814,236 (6,925 0.24%	\$	2,996,435,858	\$	30,629,756,922 9.21%	\$	39,441,841,707	\$	5,332,197,008 1.60%	\$	24,473,280,525	\$	22,904,410,680 6.88%	\$	32,791,557,832
2016	794,125 (5,516 0.26%		2,909,165,089		28,156,175,348 9.06%		35,972,553,249		5,061,437,014 1.63%		22,932,571,056		21,369,674,657 6.88%		30,333,752,643
2015	779,563 (3,179 0.27%		3,016,489,621		26,001,571,459 8.93%		31,726,387,356		4,888,382,095 1.68%		22,535,216,991		20,261,141,679 6.96%		28,719,366,391
2014	765,12 [,] (1,003 0.28%		2,835,513,830		24,206,711,462 8.74%		28,569,565,875		4,768,167,109 1.72%		21,657,987,283		19,338,148,774 6.99%		26,845,762,025
2013	799,492 (2,293 0.30%		2,946,228,268		23,322,999,512 8.75%		27,271,851,487		4,758,708,259 1.79%		21,695,907,937		19,116,580,564 7.17%		26,541,368,860
2012	899,834 (4,945 0.33%		3,524,592,792		23,820,210,422 8.68%		28,200,290,660		5,181,774,461 1.89%		24,093,602,773		20,323,341,802 7.41%		28,013,760,041
2011	978,841 (1,451 0.34%		3,989,729,515		24,909,396,182 8.65%		29,747,730,647		5,746,672,436 2.00%		27,116,911,018		20,754,922,138 7.21%		29,126,576,684
2010	1,039,092 (2,617 0.32%		4,417,873,490		28,739,213,410 8.91%		35,315,585,698		6,615,903,811 2.05%		31,005,053,635		23,045,072,814 7.14%		32,681,663,769
2009 (4		4,298 0.32%		4,992,458,397		31,728,741,317 8.70%		40,532,806,394		7,681,828,761 2.11%		36,172,335,899		26,767,890,444 7.34%		39,790,825,530
2008	1,283,131 (1,348 0.32%		4,921,099,058		34,528,464,902 8.63%		44,545,058,066		8,364,377,817 2.09%		36,918,976,765		29,729,044,446 7.43%		42,731,680,816

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Sources: District records - Finance Bureau, Budget Section; Florida Statistical Abstract, State of Florida, Department of Revenue.

See accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

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	Pinellas County		Polk County			 Sarasota County			Sumter County			 Total					
Fiscal Year		Taxable Assessed Value (1)	 Estimated Just Value (3)		Taxable Assessed Value (2)		Estimated Just Value (3)	 Taxable Assessed Value (1)		Estimated Just Value (3)		Taxable Assessed Value (1)		Estimated Just Value (3)	 Taxable Assessed Value (2)		Estimated Just Value (3)
2017	\$	68,281,357,984 20.52%	\$ 97,600,853,665	\$	27,233,022,934 8.18%	\$	37,775,852,975	\$ 50,437,295,408 15.16%	\$	70,341,153,300	\$	10,485,742,330 3.15%	\$	14,199,655,685	\$ 332,737,468,699 100.00%	\$	506,639,164,277
2016		63,699,624,181 20.50%	90,100,695,133		25,637,633,469 8.25%		35,066,615,991	46,615,834,307 15.00%		63,106,915,600		9,835,829,614 3.17%		13,456,221,610	310,698,838,982 100.00%		466,352,503,895
2015		59,767,624,833 20.53%	82,011,208,919		24,111,126,225 8.28%		32,453,751,594	43,496,280,912 14.94%		57,622,573,000		8,956,561,331 3.08%		12,305,148,331	291,190,079,928 100.00%		430,931,394,275
2014		56,193,988,907 20.30%	73,899,681,892		22,958,987,131 8.29%		29,792,113,559	40,812,665,951 14.74%		52,273,456,800		7,720,226,372 2.79%		10,443,725,800	276,826,961,838 100.00%		396,613,748,011
2013		54,425,420,037 20.43%	70,485,578,787		22,180,556,410 8.32%		27,995,854,184	39,170,913,940 14.70%		49,359,975,511		7,020,393,015 2.63%		9,442,513,580	266,456,598,757 100.00%		379,031,903,419
2012 80		55,608,566,276 20.27%	72,683,171,813		23,369,108,379 8.52%		29,429,384,408	39,585,676,326 14.43%		49,842,203,473		6,667,848,009 2.43%		9,041,889,537	274,339,074,461 100.00%		393,866,872,878
2011		58,395,259,809 20.29%	77,107,914,679		24,919,832,620 8.66%		32,090,561,797	42,118,634,428 14.63%		53,406,022,942		6,224,354,315 2.16%		8,605,957,586	287,863,529,751 100.00%		420,145,219,163
2010		64,799,464,910 20.09%	89,120,171,479		28,735,416,677 8.91%		39,151,322,368	46,554,772,530 14.43%		59,857,675,826		6,207,022,594 1.92%		8,885,586,796	322,613,718,625 100.00%		483,519,798,809
2009 (4)	73,364,672,321 20.11%	105,800,594,551		32,149,838,024 8.81%		45,690,203,869	53,170,778,042 14.58%		70,539,563,052		5,851,825,793 1.60%		8,848,146,235	364,790,289,103 100.00%		567,759,516,242
2008		80,171,847,018 20.03%	114,317,705,946		32,728,357,906 8.18%		45,514,480,070	62,685,251,050 15.66%		83,355,313,080		5,774,715,375 1.44%		8,387,422,260	400,166,690,276 100.00%		609,061,819,029

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Sources: District records - Finance Bureau, Budget Section; Florida Statistical Abstract, State of Florida, Department of Revenue.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Schedule of Property Tax Rates for the District and Watershed Basins (Per \$1,000 Assessed Valuation) For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Maximum Legal Rate (1)

_	Fiscal Year	General Fund (Districtwide)	Alafia River Basin	Hillsborough River Basin	Northwest Hillsborough Basin (2)	Coastal Rivers Basin	Pinellas- Anclote River Basin	Withlacoochee River Basin	Peace River Basin	Manasota Basin	Districtwide	Per Basin
	2017	0.3317	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.0000	N/A
	2016	0.3488	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.0000	N/A
	2015	0.3658	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.0000	N/A
	2014	0.3818	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.0000	N/A
	2013	0.3928	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.0000	N/A
	2012 (3)	0.3928	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.0000	N/A
	2011	0.3770	0.2163	0.2300	N/A	0.1885	0.2600	0.2308	0.1827	0.1484	0.5000	0.5000
	2010	0.3866	0.2163	0.2421	N/A	0.1885	0.3200	0.2308	0.1827	0.1484	0.5000	0.5000
	2009	0.3866	0.2163	0.2547	0.2421	0.1885	0.3600	0.2308	0.1827	0.1484	0.5000	0.5000
	2008	0.3866	0.2163	0.2547	0.2421	0.1885	0.3701	0.2308	0.1827	0.1484	0.5000	0.5000

(1) The maximum legal millage rates for ad valorem taxes are established under Chapter 373.503, Florida Statutes, for the District and Basins.

(2) In fiscal year 2009, the Governing Board approved the merger of the Hillsborough River Basin and the Northwest Hillsborough Basin, effective January 1, 2009. The newly merged basin is known as the Hillsborough River Basin. The Governing Board recommended the newly merged Basin Board adopt the lower of the two fiscal year 2009 millage rates for fiscal year 2010, which was the Northwest Hillsborough Basin's millage rate of 0.2421.

(3) Effective May 31, 2011, the District's Governing Board revoked all prior Basin boundary designations and merged all Basin boundaries into the boundary of the District; therefore, the District General Fund was the only taxing authority for fiscal year 2012 and later.

Sources: District records - Finance Bureau, Budget Section, annual service budget reports.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Schedule of Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (unaudited)

		Fiscal Year											
County		2017		2008									
	Taxable Assessed Value (1) (Thousands)	Rank	Percent of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value (1) (Thousands)	Rank	Percent of Total Taxable Assessed Value							
Hillsborough	\$ 79,604,962	1	23.94 %	\$ 88,033,094	1	22.02 %							
Pinellas	68,281,358	2	20.52	80,171,847	2	20.03							
Sarasota	50,437,295	3	15.16	62,685,251	3	15.66							
Manatee	30,629,757	4	9.21	34,528,465	4	8.63							
Polk	27,233,023	5	8.18	32,728,358	5	8.18							
Pasco	22,904,411	6	6.88	29,729,044	6	7.43							
Charlotte	13,975,021	7	4.20	23,468,464	7	5.86							
Sumter	10,485,742	8	3.15	5,774,715	12	1.44							
Citrus	8,295,995	9	2.49	12,388,874	8	3.10							
Hernando	7,751,031	10	2.33	11,357,530	9	2.84							
Marion	5,332,197	11	1.60	8,364,378	10	2.09							
Highlands	3,959,066	12	1.19	5,931,995	11	1.48							
Hardee	1,536,341	13	0.46	1,775,559	14	0.44							
DeSoto	1,421,377	14	0.43	1,859,310	13	0.46							
Levy	814,237	15	0.24	1,283,131	15	0.32							
Lake	75,656	16	0.02	86,675	16	0.02							
	\$332,737,469		100.00 %	\$400,166,690		100.00 %							

(1) Valuations are as of January 1 on the calendar year preceding the applicable District fiscal year.

Sources: District records - Finance Bureau, Budget Section; Florida Statistical Abstract, State of Florida, Department of Revenue.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Ratios of Outstanding Debt For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)(2) (unaudited)

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year (1)	Сар	ital Leases	Тс	otal Debt	District Population	Per Capita		
2017	\$	303,539	\$	303,539	5,198,242	\$	0.06	
2016		398,003		398,003	5,126,624		0.08	
2015		230,464		230,464	5,059,671		0.0	
2014		-		-	4,954,752		0.00	
2013		-		-	4,872,140		0.0	
2012		-		-	4,820,485		0.0	
2011		-		-	4,778,899		0.0	
2010		871,253		871,253	4,726,860		0.1	
2009		1,543,074		1,543,074	4,688,369		0.3	
2008		1,308,866		1,308,866	4,663,065		0.2	

- (1) Fiscal year 2008 is the first year the District incurred capital lease debt, which was paid in full as of September 30, 2011. New capital leases were entered into in fiscal year 2015.
- (2) Personal income and estimated just value data is only available for county-wide boundaries, which are not consistent with District boundaries. Therefore, personal income and estimated just value debt ratios are not provided.

Sources: Historical (2009-2016) and projected (2017) population figures were obtained and updated from Woods & Poole Economics, 2017 Florida State Profile: State and County Projections to 2050.

County portional populations were developed from data obtained by GIS Associates, Inc.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Demographic Statistics – Population by County For the Last Ten Calendar Years (unaudited)

Calendar	Charlotte *	Citrus	DeSoto	Hardee	Hernando	Highlands *	Hillsborough	Lake *
Year	County	County	County	County	County	County	County	County
2017	177,540	145,616	36,112	27,958	184,791	92,663	1,394,415	1,198
	3.42%	2.80%	0.69%	0.54%	3.55%	1.78%	26.83%	0.02%
2016	174,927	143,269	35,771	27,719	181,524	91,063	1,371,070	1,158
	3.41%	2.79%	0.70%	0.54%	3.54%	1.78%	26.74%	0.02%
2015	172,476	141,058	35,458	27,502	178,439	89,552	1,349,050	1,120
	3.41%	2.79%	0.70%	0.54%	3.53%	1.77%	26.67%	0.02%
2014	167,807	139,217	35,157	27,441	175,704	88,388	1,318,325	1,066
	3.39%	2.81%	0.71%	0.55%	3.55%	1.78%	26.62%	0.02%
2013	164,268	138,985	34,692	27,362	174,016	88,164	1,294,039	1,022
	3.37%	2.85%	0.71%	0.56%	3.57%	1.81%	26.58%	0.02%
2012	162,207	139,256	34,808	27,391	173,047	88,461	1,281,606	989
	3.36%	2.89%	0.72%	0.57%	3.59%	1.84%	26.58%	0.02%
2011	159,022	139,755	34,671	27,645	172,838	88,804	1,271,399	961
	3.33%	2.92%	0.73%	0.58%	3.62%	1.86%	26.60%	0.02%
2010	159,320	141,266	34,921	27,738	172,970	89,233	1,233,831	938
	3.37%	2.99%	0.74%	0.59%	3.66%	1.89%	26.09%	0.02%
2009	159,051	141,381	34,592	27,661	171,950	89,618	1,214,050	889
	3.39%	3.02%	0.74%	0.59%	3.67%	1.91%	25.89%	0.02%
2008	159,934	142,122	34,374	27,603	172,437	90,294	1,196,773	843
	3.43%	3.05%	0.74%	0.59%	3.70%	1.94%	25.66%	0.02%

Permanent Population = Year-round residents only

* Data is for portion of the county located within the District boundaries.

Sources: Historical (2008-2016) and projected (2017) population data was obtained and updated from Woods & Poole Economics, <u>2017 Florida State Profile: State and County Projections to 2050</u>. County portional populations were developed from data provided by GIS Associates, Inc.

Calendar	Levy *	Manatee	Marion *	Pasco	Pinellas	Polk *	Sarasota	Sumter	Total
Year	County	County	County	County	County	County	County	County	
2017	23,323	377,004	113,726	515,484	959,882	608,080	414,480	125,970	5,198,242
	0.45%	7.25%	2.19%	9.92%	18.47%	11.70%	7.97%	2.42%	100.00%
2016	22,977	369,992	111,317	506,445	954,511	602,700	409,844	122,337	5,126,624
	0.45%	7.22%	2.17%	9.88%	18.62%	11.76%	7.99%	2.39%	100.00%
2015	22,653	363,369	109,035	497,909	949,827	597,782	405,549	118,891	5,059,670
	0.45%	7.18%	2.15%	9.84%	18.77%	11.81%	8.02%	2.35%	100.00%
2014	22,451	351,771	107,095	485,640	938,144	585,520	397,024	114,000	4,954,750
	0.45%	7.10%	2.16%	9.80%	18.93%	11.82%	8.01%	2.30%	100.00%
2013	22,476	342,229	105,625	475,751	929,683	575,469	390,105	108,253	4,872,139
	0.46%	7.02%	2.17%	9.76%	19.08%	11.81%	8.01%	2.22%	100.00%
2012	22,660	333,954	104,626	470,618	921,999	570,052	386,028	102,781	4,820,483
	0.47%	6.93%	2.17%	9.76%	19.13%	11.83%	8.01%	2.13%	100.00%
2011	22,816	327,320	103,564	466,523	917,730	565,786	381,485	98,581	4,778,900
	0.48%	6.85%	2.17%	9.76%	19.20%	11.84%	7.98%	2.06%	100.00%
2010	23,069	323,429	102,810	465,474	916,440	561,206	379,937	94,279	4,726,861
	0.49%	6.84%	2.18%	9.85%	19.39%	11.87%	8.04%	1.99%	100.00%
2009	23,253	320,711	101,684	462,607	915,330	557,688	377,262	90,643	4,688,370
	0.50%	6.84%	2.17%	9.87%	19.51%	11.90%	8.05%	1.93%	100.00%
2008	23,306	318,766	100,483	461,313	916,458	554,746	377,178	86,433	4,663,063
	0.50%	6.84%	2.15%	9.89%	19.65%	11.90%	8.09%	1.85%	100.00%

Permanent Population = Year-round residents only

* Data is for portion of the county located within the District boundaries.

Sources: Historical (2008-2016) and projected (2017) population data was obtained and updated from Woods & Poole Economics, <u>2017 Florida State Profile: State and County Projections to 2050</u>. County portional populations were developed from data provided by GIS Associates, Inc.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Demographic Statistics – Changes in Population For the Last Ten Calendar Years (unaudited)

Population Population Total Within Within Within District Calendar County District District Percent **Year** (1) Population Population Increase Increase 2017 5,862,680 5,198,242 71,618 1.40 % 2016 66,953 1.32 5,778,023 5,126,624 2015 5,698,711 5,059,671 104,919 2.12 2014 82,612 1.70 5,578,221 4,954,752 2013 5,483,944 4,872,140 51,655 1.07 2012 5,425,305 4,820,485 41,586 0.87 2011 52,039 5,377,742 4,778,899 1.10 2010 5,322,078 4,726,860 38,491 0.82 2009 5,280,726 4,688,369 25,304 0.54 0 0.00 2008 5,252,808 4,663,065

(1) Data is for calendar years.

Sources: Historical (2008-2016) and projected (2017) population data was obtained and updated from Woods & Poole Economics, <u>2017 Florida State Profile: State and County Projections to 2050</u>. County portional populations were developed from data provided by GIS Associates, Inc.

		Charlotte Cou	nty	Citrus County			
Calendar Year	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	
2017	\$ 6,351.73	\$ 35,648	4.8 %	\$ 4,850.84	\$ 33,313	6.2 %	
2016	6,154.81	35,057	5.3	4,696.79	32,783	6.8	
2015	5,965.56	34,460	6.1	4,548.95	32,249	7.8	
2014	5,635.61	33,458	7.1	4,379.16	31,456	8.8	
2013	5,357.28	32,490	8.4	4,307.93	30,996	10.0	
2012	5,240.18	32,182	9.9	4,253.52	30,545	11.2	
2011	5,199.80	32,572	11.8	4,284.79	30,659	13.0	
2010	5,069.06	31,692	12.6	4,281.48	30,308	13.4	
2009	5,084.78	31,854	11.3	4,216.79	29,826	11.6	
2008	5,383.15	33,547	7.4	4,322.84	30,416	7.3	

All data is based on county-wide data and income figures are presented in 2009 dollars. Unemployment data is a fiscal year average.

Personal and Per Capita Income for 2008 through 2016 are historical and 2017 is projected.

Source: Woods and Poole Economics, 2017 Florida State Profile: State and County Projections to 2050.

		DeSoto Coun	ty	Hardee County			
Calendar Year	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	
2017	\$ 775.65	\$ 21,479	4.7 %	\$ 638.78	\$ 22,848	6.6 %	
2016	753.84	21,074	5.6	622.05	22,441	6.1	
2015	761.48	21,475	6.3	642.55	23,364	7.1	
2014	721.85	20,532	7.4	614.63	22,398	8.0	
2013	684.44	19,729	8.7	599.28	21,902	8.6	
2012	700.43	20,123	10.3	619.83	22,629	9.3	
2011	750.93	21,659	10.9	620.19	22,434	10.8	
2010	753.46	21,576	11.9	617.15	22,249	11.4	
2009	703.69	20,343	9.5	595.62	21,533	9.9	
2008	708.14	20,601	6.3	609.74	22,090	6.0	

All data is based on county-wide data and income figures are presented in 2009 dollars. Unemployment data is a fiscal year average.

Personal and Per Capita Income for 2008 through 2016 are historical and 2017 is projected.

Source: Woods and Poole Economics, 2017 Florida State Profile: State and County Projections to 2050.

		Hernando Cou	nty	Highlands County			
Calendar Year	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	
2017	\$ 5,808.10	\$ 31,431	5.6 %	\$ 3,088.85	\$ 29,933	5.9 %	
2016	5,614.39	30,929	6.0	2,973.62	29,358	6.6	
2015	5,484.47	30,736	7.1	2,902.06	29,169	7.7	
2014	5,222.16	29,721	8.2	2,768.72	28,222	8.7	
2013	5,059.29	29,074	9.4	2,709.12	27,711	9.8	
2012	5,122.87	29,604	11.1	2,749.08	28,052	10.6	
2011	5,179.99	29,970	12.9	2,810.50	28,596	12.0	
2010	5,164.28	29,856	13.7	2,803.24	28,412	12.1	
2009	5,065.88	29,461	12.5	2,739.57	27,685	10.2	
2008	5,227.29	30,314	7.8	2,770.26	27,823	6.6	

All data is based on county-wide data and income figures are presented in 2009 dollars. Unemployment data is a fiscal year average.

Personal and Per Capita Income for 2008 through 2016 are historical and 2017 is projected.

Source: Woods and Poole Economics, 2017 Florida State Profile: State and County Projections to 2050.

		Hillsborough Co	unty	Lake County			
Calendar Year	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	
2017	\$ 56,921.27	\$ 40,821	4.1 %	\$ 11,971.13	\$ 35,225	4.4 %	
2016	55,205.36	40,264	4.4	11,525.70	34,646	4.8	
2015	53,496.93	39,655	5.2	11,215.90	34,418	5.7	
2014	50,291.85	38,148	6.0	10,508.23	33,282	6.6	
2013	48,485.41	37,468	6.9	9,942.56	32,280	7.8	
2012	49,699.77	38,779	8.3	9,779.35	32,235	9.3	
2011	52,116.05	40,991	10.1	9,621.49	32,092	11.1	
2010	48,057.65	38,950	10.9	9,474.92	31,811	11.8	
2009	45,598.87	37,559	9.7	9,421.65	31,883	10.2	
2008	46,134.88	38,549	5.7	9,919.66	33,780	5.7	

All data is based on county-wide data and income figures are presented in 2009 dollars. Unemployment data is a fiscal year average.

Personal and Per Capita Income for 2008 through 2016 are historical and 2017 is projected.

Source: Woods and Poole Economics, 2017 Florida State Profile: State and County Projections to 2050.

		Levy County	/	Manatee County			
Calendar Year	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	
2017	\$ 1,255.30	\$ 30,663	4.7 %	\$ 15,247.15	\$ 40,443	4.1 %	
2016	1,220.33	30,231	5.2	14,659.42	39,621	4.5	
2015	1,180.32	29,632	6.0	14,305.34	39,369	5.2	
2014	1,129.15	28,580	7.2	13,354.55	37,964	5.9	
2013	1,090.10	27,540	8.5	12,409.47	36,261	7.1	
2012	1,100.23	27,549	9.7	12,042.95	36,062	8.5	
2011	1,115.79	27,726	11.3	12,713.51	38,841	10.5	
2010	1,118.22	27,460	12.0	12,073.21	37,329	11.6	
2009	1,077.93	26,368	10.7	11,438.49	35,666	10.9	
2008	1,084.35	26,571	6.2	12,311.13	38,621	6.1	

All data is based on county-wide data and income figures are presented in 2009 dollars. Unemployment data is a fiscal year average.

Personal and Per Capita Income for 2008 through 2016 are historical and 2017 is projected.

Source: Woods and Poole Economics, 2017 Florida State Profile: State and County Projections to 2050.

See accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

		Marion Coun	ty	Pasco County				
Calendar Year	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate		
2017	\$ 11,452.95	\$ 32,331	5.3 %	\$ 17,634.71	\$ 34,210	4.7 %		
2016	11,048.34	31,695	5.8	17,072.28	33,710	5.2		
2015	10,592.29	30,858	6.6	16,449.66	33,037	6.0		
2014	10,148.82	29,960	7.6	15,504.30	31,925	6.9		
2013	9,818.74	29,250	9.0	14,910.23	31,340	8.1		
2012	10,023.84	30,003	10.7	14,870.62	31,598	9.5		
2011	10,121.75	30,462	12.9	15,046.36	32,252	11.3		
2010	9,872.58	29,789	13.6	14,676.75	31,531	12.1		
2009	9,727.40	29,399	12.0	14,309.67	30,933	11.1		
2008	10,016.88	30,349	6.9	14,725.26	31,920	6.8		

All data is based on county-wide data and income figures are presented in 2009 dollars. Unemployment data is a fiscal year average.

Personal and Per Capita Income for 2008 through 2016 are historical and 2017 is projected.

Source: Woods and Poole Economics, 2017 Florida State Profile: State and County Projections to 2050.

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		Pinellas Count	ty	Polk County			
Calendar Year	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	
2017	\$ 43,569.68	\$ 45,391	4.0 %	\$ 21,163.40	\$ 31,845	5.1 %	
2016	42,605.17	44,636	4.3	20,578.50	31,319	5.6	
2015	41,391.25	43,578	5.1	20,015.40	30,789	6.5	
2014	39,486.35	42,090	6.0	19,182.38	30,196	7.4	
2013	37,596.83	40,440	7.0	18,554.07	29,787	8.6	
2012	37,651.19	40,836	8.4	18,591.51	30,201	10.0	
2011	38,840.13	42,322	10.2	18,954.03	31,095	11.7	
2010	37,987.36	41,451	10.9	18,208.77	30,187	12.1	
2009	36,515.55	39,893	10.1	17,367.52	29,010	10.5	
2008	37,905.64	41,361	5.7	18,041.60	30,332	6.0	

All data is based on county-wide data and income figures are presented in 2009 dollars. Unemployment data is a fiscal year average.

Personal and Per Capita Income for 2008 through 2016 are historical and 2017 is projected.

Source: Woods and Poole Economics, 2017 Florida State Profile: State and County Projections to 2050.

		Sarasota Coun	ty	Sumter County			
Calendar Year	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	Personal Income (Millions)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	
2017	\$ 21,978.85	\$ 53,028	4.1 %	\$ 4,643.95	\$ 36,866	6.3 %	
2016	21,330.99	52,047	4.5	4,434.10	36,245	6.8	
2015	20,892.14	51,516	5.2	4,234.54	35,617	7.7	
2014	19,999.80	50,374	6.1	3,963.90	34,771	8.5	
2013	18,566.88	47,595	7.4	3,722.12	34,384	9.6	
2012	18,231.49	47,228	8.8	3,495.76	34,012	11.0	
2011	17,993.78	47,168	10.8	3,173.13	32,188	12.5	
2010	17,179.57	45,217	11.7	2,766.89	29,348	12.4	
2009	17,146.52	45,450	10.6	2,569.53	28,348	8.5	
2008	18,929.30	50,187	6.6	2,459.80	28,459	5.0	

All data is based on county-wide data and income figures are presented in 2009 dollars. Unemployment data is a fiscal year average.

Personal and Per Capita Income for 2008 through 2016 are historical and 2017 is projected.

Source: Woods and Poole Economics, 2017 Florida State Profile: State and County Projections to 2050.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Demographic Statistics Top Ten Non-Government Employers Within a Single County For Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2008 (unaudited)

				Fisca	al Year			
		2017	7		2008			
Employer	County	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total Workforce	County	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total Workforce
Publix Super Markets	Polk	10,249	1	0.35 %	Polk	9,500	2	0.39 %
Publix Super Markets	Hillsborough	7,732	2	0.27	Hillsborough	4,630	7	0.19
Baycare Health System	Hillsborough	6,243	3	0.21	-	-	-	-
WalMart	Polk	6,238	4	0.21	Polk	5,100	6	0.21
Florida Hospital	Hillsborough	6,000	5	0.21	-	-	-	-
Tampa General Hospital	Hillsborough	5,378	6	0.18	-	-	-	-
Busch Entertainment Corporation	Hillsborough	5,000	7	0.17	-	-	-	-
H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center	Hillsborough	4,900	8	0.17	-	-	-	-
Lakeland Regional Medical Center	Polk	4,499	9	0.15	Polk	4,600	8	0.19
Sarasota Memorial Hospital	Sarasota	3,958	10	0.14	-	-	-	-
St. Joseph's Hospital	-	-	-	-	Hillsborough	5,242	4	0.21
Verizon Communications	-	-	-	-	Hillsborough	14,000	1	0.57
Tampa International Airport *	-	-	-	-	Hillsborough	7,760	3	0.32
JPMorgan Chase	-	-	-	-	Hillsborough	5,237	5	0.21
MOSAIC	-	-	-	-	Polk	4,000	9	0.16
Bank of America	-	-	-	-	Hillsborough	3,754	10	0.15
Total		60,197		2.06 %		63,823		2.60 %
District 16-County Total Workforce		2,910,506				2,450,452		

* Tampa International Airport determined to be a governmental employer, therefore, is not included in 2017 statistics.

Number of employees are tallied within each individual county, not Districtwide. Employers listed represent the top ten non-government county employers within all 16 District counties. Schedule is intended to show information for the current fiscal year and nine years ago. Fiscal year data is for the previous calendar year.

Sources: 2008 data from <u>E Enterprise County Profiles, 2012 Enterprise Florida, http://www.eflorida.com</u>.

2017 total workforce from Woods and Poole Economics, 2017 Florida State Profile: State and County Projections to 2050.

2017 employers obtained from individual counties.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Budgeted Personnel (FTE's) by Program For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Water Resources Planning and Monitoring	Land Acquisition, Restoration and Public Works	Operation and Maintenance of Works and Lands	Regulation	Outreach	Management and Administration	Total Budgeted Personnel (FTE's)
2017	148	56	108	184	12	66	574
	25.78%	9.76%	18.82%	32.05%	2.09%	11.50%	100.00%
2016	150	55	109	179	12	69	574
	26.13%	9.58%	18.99%	31.19%	2.09%	12.02%	100.00%
2015	148	56	104	186	12	68	574
	25.78%	9.76%	18.12%	32.40%	2.09%	11.85%	100.00%
2014	152	60	104	185	14	70	585
	25.98%	10.26%	17.78%	31.62%	2.39%	11.97%	100.00%
2013	154	48	118	193	22	82	617
	24.96%	7.78%	19.12%	31.28%	3.57%	13.29%	100.00%
2012	164	44	127	218	25	101	679
	24.16%	6.48%	18.70%	32.11%	3.68%	14.87%	100.00%
2011	151	46	107	193	23	216	736
	20.52%	6.25%	14.54%	26.22%	3.13%	29.34%	100.00%
2010	162	51	103	195	22	203	736
	22.01%	6.93%	14.00%	26.49%	2.99%	27.58%	100.00%
2009	162	51	104	196	20	203	736
	22.01%	6.93%	14.13%	26.63%	2.72%	27.58%	100.00%
2008	131	64	112	206	20	203	736
	17.80%	8.69%	15.22%	27.99%	2.72%	27.58%	100.00%

This schedule reports the budgeted personnel full-time equivalents by Program.

Source: District records - Finance Bureau, Budget Section, August 1, 2017 Standard Format Tentative Budget Submission.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Permit Applications and Permits Issued For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

	Water	Use	Environr Resou		We Constru		Tot	al
Fiscal Year	Permit Applications	Permits Issued	Permit Applications	Permits Issued	Permit Applications	Permits Issued	Permit Applications	Permits Issued
2017	904	781	2,829	2,423	4,902	4,873	8,635	8,077
	10.47%	9.67%	32.76%	30.00%	56.77%	60.33%	100.00%	100.00%
2016	910	855	2,368	2,102	4,406	4,372	7,684	7,329
	11.84%	11.67%	30.82%	28.68%	57.34%	59.65%	100.00%	100.00%
2015	988	897	2,114	1,896	3,935	3,922	7,037	6,715
	14.04%	13.36%	30.04%	28.24%	55.92%	58.40%	100.00%	100.00%
2014	970	927	2,043	1,840	3,773	3,732	6,786	6,499
	14.29%	14.26%	30.11%	28.31%	55.60%	57.43%	100.00%	100.00%
2013	1,062	929	1,967	1,754	3,991	3,963	7,020	6,646
	15.13%	13.98%	28.02%	26.39%	56.85%	59.63%	100.00%	100.00%
2012	1,113	1,111	1,878	1,815	4,489	4,438	7,480	7,364
	14.88%	15.09%	25.11%	24.65%	60.01%	60.26%	100.00%	100.00%
2011	1,148	1,072	1,760	1,641	4,629	4,624	7,537	7,337
	15.23%	14.61%	23.35%	22.37%	61.42%	63.02%	100.00%	100.00%
2010	1,055	973	1,883	1,803	4,403	4,400	7,341	7,176
	14.37%	13.56%	25.65%	25.13%	59.98%	61.31%	100.00%	100.00%
2009	1,102	1,044	2,454	2,392	5,219	5,165	8,775	8,601
	12.56%	12.14%	27.97%	27.81%	59.47%	60.05%	100.00%	100.00%
2008	794	701	3,138	3,046	9,410	9,068	13,342	12,815
	5.95%	5.47%	23.52%	23.77%	70.53%	70.76%	100.00%	100.00%

Sources: Fiscal Year 2008 data obtained from the District Regulatory Database, Performance Management Office. Fiscal Years 2009-2017 data obtained from the District Water Management Information System, Regulatory Support.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Estimated Total Water Use by County (million gallons per day) September 30, 2017 (unaudited)

	County	Agricultural	Industrial/ Commercial	Mining/ Dewatering	Public Supply (Withdrawal)	Domestic Self-Supply	Landscape/ Recreation (1)	Institutional and Other Uses (2)	Total (Withdrawal) (3)	Public Supply (Use) (4)	Total (Use) (5)
	Charlotte *	5.572	0.024	0.077	7.420	0.383	1.758	0.000	15.234	16.702	24.516
	Citrus	1.607	2.931	0.052	14.988	4.522	3.999	0.001	28.100	14.782	27.894
	DeSoto	48.777	0.668	0.002	32.657	1.018	0.225	0.000	83.347	1.506	52.196
	Hardee	33.595	0.298	1.991	1.425	0.513	0.109	0.000	37.931	1.407	37.913
	Hernando	1.568	4.831	0.026	19.434	3.288	3.873	0.000	33.020	19.311	32.897
	Highlands *	38.445	0.088	0.007	7.634	0.678	2.160	0.003	49.015	7.547	48.928
	Hillsborough	42.097	9.529	7.401	192.736	7.123	8.662	0.503	268.051	139.691	215.006
	Lake *	0.984	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.074	0.000	0.000	1.058	0.000	1.058
2	Levy *	6.580	0.005	0.000	0.694	0.898	0.198	0.000	8.375	0.660	8.341
5	Manatee	51.283	0.732	4.172	45.328	0.669	9.874	0.000	112.058	40.257	106.987
	Marion *	2.812	0.004	0.019	10.475	4.365	3.418	0.000	21.093	10.238	20.856
	Pasco	6.276	1.291	0.060	62.593	4.606	3.366	0.572	78.764	44.648	60.819
	Pinellas	0.015	0.166	0.000	27.192	0.259	2.948	0.000	30.580	91.077	94.465
	Polk *	73.938	30.115	8.493	66.603	1.883	6.781	0.000	187.813	67.337	188.547
	Sarasota	3.883	0.157	0.166	20.452	1.583	6.645	0.000	32.886	32.643	45.077
	Sumter	6.236	0.629	0.258	27.328	2.964	3.194	0.000	40.609	27.070	40.351
		323.668	51.468	22.724	536.959	34.826	57.210	1.079	1,027.934	514.876	1,005.851

Data collection is based on calendar year 2016.

* Data is for portion of the county located within the District boundaries.

(1) To conform with Consumptive use permit consistency measures according to Administrative Rule 40D-2.501, the Recreation/Aesthetic uses category was renamed Landscape/Recreation in 2014.

(2) To conform with Consumptive use permit consistency measures according to Administrative Rule 40D-2.501, Institutional and Other use categories were added in 2014.

(3) Total (Withdrawal) - Represents the sum of the preceding seven columns and represents total water withdrawal by county for all categories.

(4) Public Supply (Use) - Represents total consumptive use of public supply water within a county. When compared to Public Supply (Withdrawal) column,

the difference represents treatment losses, as well as imports and exports, and net storage changes of publicly supplied water from one county to another.

(5) Total (Use) - The sum of "Total (Withdrawal)" minus "Public Supply (Withdrawal)" plus "Public Supply (Use)." Represents consumptive use of publicly supplied water in the county.

Source: District records - Table 9 - 2016 Estimated Water Use Report, November 2017, www.watermatters.org.

Southwest Florida Water Management District Nature of Capital Assets by Program Net of Accumulated Depreciation September 30, 2017 (unaudited)

Capital Assets	Pla	er Resource anning and Ionitoring	Re	d Acquisition, storation and ublic Works	Ma	peration and aintenance of rks and Lands	I	Regulation		Outreach		agement and ministration	Ca	Total apital Assets
Capital Assets not subject to depreciation:	¢	0.007	¢	603.236.532	\$	4 705 054	¢		¢		¢	750 000	¢	COE 700 070
Land Land Interests	Φ	6,887 942,066	\$	112,003,298	Φ	1,795,854	Φ	3,123,854	Ф	-	Φ	750,000	Ф	605,789,273 116,069,218
Land - Acquisition in Progress		10,203		121,959		-		-		-		-		132,162
Construction in Progress		1,327,965		406,133		341,075		-		-		-		2,075,173
Capital Assets subject to depreciation:														
Buildings		3,167		10,179,710		8,858,381		-		-		126,831		19,168,089
Machinery & Equipment		1,212,535		504,552		2,605,553		410,478		15,621		760,980		5,509,719
Infrastructure		5,460,904		63,111,429		20,588,549		-		-		24,632		89,185,514
Software		267,544		23,165		50,456		1,058,801		15,045		50,118		1,465,129
Other		-		15,604		9,219		-		-		-		24,823
Total Capital Assets by Program	\$	9,231,271	\$	789,602,382	\$	34,249,087	\$	4,593,133	\$	30,666	\$	1,712,561	\$	839,419,100
Percent of Total		1.10%		94.07%		4.08%		0.55%		0.00%		0.20%		100.00%

	Land Ownership (acres)									
	Fiscal Year									
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013 (1)	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Type of Ownership:										
Land										
Acquired or Surplused	(623)	117	479	(7)	(1,872)	86	1,332	206	3,964	6,809
Cumulative	343,296	343,919	343,802	343,323	343,330	345,202	345,116	343,784	343,578	339,614
Land Interests										
Acquired or Surplused	1,849	86	11	(55)	991	124	1,277	8,755	320	8,631
Cumulative	107,428	105,579	105,493	105,482	105,537	104,546	104,422	103,145	94,390	94,070
Total Acres	450,724	449,498	449,295	448,805	448,867	449,748	449,538	446,929	437,968	433,684

Land Land Interests	includes lands where the District has full fee simple interests includes lands where the District has less-than-fee interest (i.e., easements)
Land - Acquisition in Progress Construction in Progress	includes ancillary costs for parcel purchases in progress includes intangibles, buildings, and infrastructure not completed
Buildings	includes intaligibles, buildings, and intrastructure not completed
Machinery & Equipment	includes vehicles, heavy equipment, computers and other field and office equipment
Infrastructure	includes well-sites, water structures, bridges, pavilions, pole barns, and other recreational structures
Software	includes software purchases, in-house developed software, and licenses over \$5,000
Other	includes signage, kiosks, refrigerators, and other capital assets not included in a specific category above

(1) Beginning fiscal year 2013, acres adjusted to Geographic Information Systems derived acres which includes reductions for surplused property. Through fiscal year 2012, data for acquisitions only.

Source: District records - Finance Bureau, Property Administration.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Members of the Governing Board, Southwest Florida Water Management District:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Southwest Florida Water Management District (the District) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 14, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Maore : 60., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida March 14, 2018



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROJECT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

The Members of the Governing Board, Southwest Florida Water Management District:

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Project

We have audited the Southwest Florida Water Management District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Florida Department of Financial Services State Project Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2017. The District's major state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with State statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its major state projects applicable to its state projects.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General. Those standards and Chapter 10.550 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Project

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2017.

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Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state project on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Meore : 60., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida March 14, 2018

SOUTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRIC1 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Year ended September 30, 2017

Grantor/Pass through Agency	CFDA, CSFA Number		Grant ID #		Expenditures	Subrecipients
FEDERAL AWARDS						
U.S. Department of Homeland Security - Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Direct Program: Cooperating Technical Partners:						
Mapping Activity Statement DeSoto & Hardee Co	97.045	EMA-2005-C	A-5218	\$_	54,530	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security - FEMA				-	54,530	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$	54,530	
STATE AWARDS						
Department of Environmental Protection						
Water Management Districts - Land Acquisition and Improvement:						
Florida Forever - Preacquisition	37.022	various	FFTF	\$	214,452	
Florida Forever - Land Acquisition	37.022	SZ24/SZ89	FFTF		5,563,875	
Land Acquisition Trust Fund	37.022	various	LATF		3,076,089	
Lake Hancock Outfall Treatment	37.022	H014	FFTF		592	
WMLTF - Surface Water Improvement and Management (SWIM) Total Program	37.022	various	WMLTF	-	62,666 8,917,674	
Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects:						
Alligator Creek	37.039	W511	SWW51/81 Eco		179,293	
Pithlachacotee Anclote River	37.039	L738	2015REV11		5,123	
Rock Pond Ecosystem Restoration Total Program	37.039	W395	SWW71,81,91 Eco	-	84,583 268,999	
lotal rogian				-	200,000	
Florida Springs Grant Program:	07.050	B 400			005.040	
Southwest Florida Springs Initiative Project Wastewater	37.052	P100 P101	S0684 / 2014REV07		205,342	
Southwest Florida Springs Initiative Project Southwest Florida Springs Initiative Project Fort Island Trail	37.052 37.052	P101 P115	2015REV07 2016REV11		106,258 30,000	30,000
Southwest Florida Springs Initiative Project Portisand Train	37.052	P117	2016REV06		40,000	40,000
Southwest Florida Springs Initiative Project Sugarmill Woods Wastewater	37.052	WC02	2015REV09		1,300,000	1,300,000
Southwest CFWI Conservation	37.052	P922	2017REV06		4,200	4,200
Total Program				_	1,685,800	1,374,200
Water Protection and Sustainability Program:						
West-Central Florida Water Restoration Action Plan (WRAP)	37.066	various	SWW91		117,145	
Surface Water Improvement and Management (SWIM)	37.066	various	WPSPTF	_	449,474	
Total Program				_	566,619	
Total Department of Environmental Protection				-	11,439,092	
Total State Financial Assistance				\$_	11,439,092	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assista	ance			\$ _	11,493,622	

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance.

SOUTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

September 30, 2017

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance includes the federal and state grant activity of the Southwest Florida Water Management District, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* Section 215.97, *Florida Statues,* and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements.

(2) Administrative Cost Allowance

The Southwest Florida Water Management District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as outlined in the Uniform Guidance.

SOUTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

A. Summary of Auditors' Results:

Financial Statements

B.

Type of audit report issued	on the financial statements:	Unmodified	Unmodified				
Internal control over financ	ial reporting:						
• Material weakness(es) id-	entified?	Yes	X No				
• Significant deficiency(ies	b) identified?	Yes	X None reported				
Noncompliance material to noted?	financial statements	Yes	X_No				
State Financial Assistance	::						
Internal control over major	State projects:						
• Material weakness(es) ide	entified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No				
• Significant deficiency(ies	b) identified?	Yes	X None reported				
Type of auditors' report issu major federal awards pro		Unmodified					
Any audit findings disclose reported in accordance w		Yes	X_No				
Dollar threshold used to dis and type B programs:	tinguish between type A	\$343,173					
Identification of major State	e projects:						
CSFA Number		Program Name					
37.022	Water Management Distri		ition and				
27.044	Improvement	-11-11'(
37.066	Water Protection and Sust	ainability Program	1				
Financial Statement Find	ings:	None.					
State Deviate Firsting		N					

- C. State Projects Findings and Questioned Costs: None.
 D. Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings: There were no audit findings for the year ended September 30, 2016.
 E. Corrective Action Plan: Not applicable since no findings
 - Not applicable since no findings were reported.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

The Members of the Governing Board, Southwest Florida Water Management District:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Southwest Florida Water Management District (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, and have issued our report thereon dated March 14, 2018.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 14, 2018, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The disclosure of this information is included in the notes to the financial statements.

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Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we noted the following recommendation:

<u>2017-001 Long Term Receivables:</u> Consider any receivables where collection is past one year, and record those amounts as deferred inflows of resources at the fund level.

Annual Financial Report

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.b., Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communication the results of our determination as to whether the annual financial report for the District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.

Monthly Financial Statements

Section 10.554(1)(i)6.a. and 10.556(9), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determined as to whether or not the District provided monthly financial statements to its governing board and made such monthly statements available for public access on its Web site. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District provided monthly financial statements to its governing board and made such monthly statements available for public access on its Web site.

Transparency

Sections 10.554(1)(i)6.b. and 10.556(9), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the District provided a link on its Web site to the Florida Department of Financial Service's Web site to view the District's annual financial report submitted to the Department. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District provided a link on its Web site to the Florida Department of Financial Service's Web site.

Sections 10.554(1)(i)6.c. and 10.556(9), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the District posted its tentative and final budgets on its Web site. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District posted its tentative and final budgets on its Web site.

Additional Matters

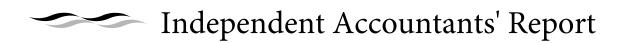
Section 10.554(1)(i)3, Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and State granting agencies, the Board of Governors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Meore : 60., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida March 14, 2018 This page left blank intentionally.





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

The Members of the Governing Board, Southwest Florida Water Management District:

We have examined the Southwest Florida Water Management District's (the District) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, for the year ended September 30, 2017. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Southwest Florida Water Management District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2017.

James Meore : 60., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida March 14, 2018

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ard | March 27, 2018

The Members of the Governing Board,

Southwest Florida Water Management District:

The Southwest Florida Water Management District strives to continually improve its financial performance and reporting. No material weakness of internal controls was identified during this audit, however, there was one audit recommendation identified in the fiscal year 2016-2017 Management Letter which is described below. Staff continues to review areas of improvement and document policies and procedures that ensure proper controls are in place which should prevent the likelihood of future findings.

The following auditor recommendation and management responses are provided:

2017-001 Long Term Receivables

<u>RECOMMENDATION</u>: Consider any receivables, where collection is past one year, and record those amounts as deferred inflows of resources at the fund level.

<u>MANAGEMENT RESPONSE</u>: Management concurs with the recommendation and will classify receivables, where the collection, per the agreement, is past one year as a deferred inflow of resources as opposed to revenue at the fund level. In this instance, the language in the agreement in question indicated reimbursement is allowed at the completion of the construction project which had been recently extended past a one-year timeframe. The procedure for recognizing revenue, if billing terms are only allowed at the completion of the construction of the contract or are longer than 1 year, have been updated and the amount will be recorded as a deferred inflow of resources at the fund level.

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