REPORT ON THE EFFORTS OF THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION TO REDUCE THE REGULATORY ASSESSMENT FEE FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMPANIES



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Office of Telecommunications

Introduction

During the 2011 Legislative Session, House Bill CS/CS/HB 1231, the "Regulatory Reform Act" (Act), was passed and signed into law by the Governor, effective July 1, 2011. Under the Act, the Legislature eliminated most of the Florida Public Service Commission's (FPSC's or Commission's) retail oversight authority for the telecommunications wireline companies, yet maintained the FPSC's authority over wholesale intercarrier issues. The FPSC was required to reduce its regulatory assessment fees (RAFs) charged to wireline telecommunications companies to reflect the concurrent reduction in FPSC workload. Section 364.336(3), Florida Statutes, requires:

By January 15, 2012, and annually thereafter, the commission must report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, providing a detailed description of its efforts to reduce the regulatory assessment fee for telecommunications companies, including a detailed description of the regulatory activities that are no longer required; the commensurate reduction in costs associated with this reduction in regulation; the regulatory activities that continue to be required under this chapter; and the costs associated with those regulatory activities.

As a result of this Act, the FPSC reduced its RAF rates 20%, from 0.0020 to 0.0016 of companies' gross operating revenues derived from intrastate business. This change became retroactively effective July 1, 2011. Florida telecommunications statutes have remained essentially unchanged since 2011. The FPSC has introduced numerous measures to streamline its telecommunications-related activities since that time, and continues to look for ways to streamline its remaining responsibilities.

Regulatory Activities That Are No Longer Required

The 2011 Act eliminated most of the retail regulation of local exchange telecommunications services by the FPSC, including the elimination of rate caps on all retail telecommunications services, elimination of telecommunications-related consumer protection and assistance duties of the FPSC, and elimination of the FPSC's remaining oversight of telecommunications service quality. The Act also reformed the FPSC's certification processes, authority over intercarrier matters, and other general revisions.

Consistent with the reduced authority of the FPSC from the Act, the FPSC ceased the following activities over the past several years:

- Resolving non-basic retail consumer billing complaints.
- Addressing slamming or cramming complaints from consumers. The FPSC continues to address slamming complaints that are reported by carriers under the Commission's wholesale authority.
- Publishing and distributing materials informing consumers on billing-related matters or informative materials relating to the competitive telecommunications market.
- Designating wireless eligible telecommunications carriers (ETCs) in Florida for the federal universal service fund. Any wireless carrier seeking ETC status in Florida must petition the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) for that authority.
- Performing service evaluations on carriers, investigating and resolving service-related consumer complaints except as they may relate to Lifeline service, Telephone Relay Service, and payphones.
- Allowing ILECs to petition for recovery of storm-damage-related costs and expenses.
- Reviewing non-access service tariff filings for content, form, or format. It is the carrier's
 choice whether to file its rate schedules with the FPSC or publicly publish the schedules
 elsewhere, such as the companies' websites.

Savings

The FPSC has been seeking cost savings and efforts to streamline regulatory processes for well over a decade. The origin of these streamlining efforts is not limited to the emergence and evolution of competition in the telecommunications industry. In fiscal year 1999/2000, the FPSC had 401 full time positions. Through several reductions over a period of years, that number was reduced to 277 in the 2016/2017 fiscal year, a total reduction of 31 percent. Over the years, many of these reductions came as a result of projected workload reductions in the telecommunications area. At this time, the FPSC believes the Office of Telecommunications is right-sized for its current statutory obligations.

Effective July 2011, the FPSC reduced the telecommunications RAF rate from 0.0020 to 0.0016 of the gross operating revenues derived from intrastate business. In addition, all local telephone service

providers now pay \$600 as the minimum fee instead of varying rates based upon the service offered. \(^1\) At the current 0.0016 rate, carriers will pay this minimum fee up to \$375,000 in gross intrastate The reduced RAF rate was determined assuming reduced responsibilities, operating revenues. projecting staff hours on continuing telecommunications workload, and projecting telecommunications company revenues. As they have for several years, revenues subject to RAF from the telecommunications companies regulated by the FPSC continued to decline in 2016 as traditional wireline revenues are replaced by unregulated (VoIP/broadband) services. Also, through consolidation of companies and the maturation of the markets, the number of regulated companies also continues to decline. Given all these factors, the agency is evaluating the need to further reduce the telecommunications RAF rate in 2017.

Regulatory Activities That Continue To Be Required

There were 331 telecommunications companies regulated in some way by the FPSC as of November 2, 2016. The Commission continues to retain authority and responsibility in the following areas for telecommunications companies:

- Resolving intercarrier disputes involving interpretations and implementation of sections of the intercarrier agreements.
- Processing arbitrations of intercarrier agreements when the companies cannot negotiate all
 the terms of the agreement and request the FPSC to resolve issues the companies define.
- Reviewing interconnection agreements filed with the FPSC in accordance with federal requirements.
- Resolving cases involving area code relief, number conservation plans, number resource reclamation, local number portability, and other numbering issues.
- Analyzing information for and producing several statutorily required reports: the Annual Report on the Status of the Telecommunications Access System Act of 1991, the Annual Report on Lifeline Assistance, the Report on the Efforts of the Florida Public Service Commission to Reduce the Regulatory Assessment Fee for Telecommunications Companies, and the Report on the Status of Competition in the Telecommunications Industry.
- Maintaining oversight of the Florida Relay Service.

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¹ Previously, the minimum fee ranged from \$600 to \$1,000, depending on the type of service offered. Payphone operators continue to pay a minimum fee of \$100.

- Maintaining oversight of Florida's Lifeline Program, including establishing eligibility criteria, coordinated enrollment, and monitoring ETCs.
- Issuing certificates of authority for telecommunications companies to operate in Florida, including evaluating the applicant's technical, financial, and managerial capability to provide service.
- Resolving consumer complaints relating to Lifeline, Telephone Relay Service, and payphones.
- Publishing network access tariff information for all incumbent local carriers.
- Publishing other tariff/rate schedule information for any certificated company if the company so decides.
- Publishing and distributing informative materials relating to the Lifeline Program and conducts related consumer outreach.
- Monitoring and/or participating in federal proceedings in cases which the state's
 consumers may be affected and to convey the FPSC's positions and information
 requirements in order to achieve greater efficiency in regulation.

Efforts to Reduce Costs

The FPSC continues to find ways to reduce the costs of performing its continuing duties. In 2016, the FPSC continued its electronic tariff and service schedule publishing that will further reduce the number of paper documents at the agency. All official copies of telecommunications tariffs, price lists, and service schedules are available on the agency's website, as are all tariff updates. This development allows greater access to both consumers and companies and reduces costs associated with record requests. Additionally, the FPSC continues the process of eliminating all obsolete or redundant paper archives of companies' rates and schedules.

The telecommunications staff continues to conduct periodic internal cross training on its remaining responsibilities, through both scheduled office-wide training sessions and temporary transfers of job duties. It has also developed comprehensive written Standard Operating Procedures for its functions. As staff become familiar with each other's duties, the requisite training time will be reduced should the need arise to further consolidate or transfer functions. This proved valuable when all staff members in telecommunications were required to complete an arbitration request.

Summary

The FPSC continues to proactively respond to the changes in its statutory authority as a result of the Act. The agency has assessed the appropriate staffing levels for the telecommunications staff, and will continue to monitor the workload and staffing needs. The agency continues to seek ways to economize its resources while maintaining a high quality work product for all industries under the FPSC's authority, including telecommunications.